State Bank of India

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023

			(000s omitted)
	Schedule No.	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES			
Capital	1	892,46,12	892,46,12
Reserves & Surplus	2	326715,98,77	279195,59,89
Deposits	3	4423777,77,63	4051534,12,27
Borrowings	4	493135,15,62	426043,37,98
Other Liabilities and Provisions	5	272457,14,51	229931,84,28
TOTAL		5516978,52,65	4987597,40,54
ASSETS			
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	247087,57,52	318265,20,71
Balances with Banks and money at call and short notice	7	60812,04,28	76287,11,40
Investments	8	1570366,22,57	1481445,46,98
Advances	9	3199269,29,68	2733966,59,29
Fixed Assets	10	42381,80,31	37708,15,83
Other Assets	11	397061,58,29	339924,86,33
TOTAL		5516978,52,65	4987597,40,54
Contingent Liabilities	12	1826574,12,43	2007083,44,06
Bills for Collection	-	64531,07,67	77730,12,34
Significant Accounting Policies	17		
Notes to Accounts	18		

Schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Balance Sheet.

Shri Alok Kumar Choudhary Managing Director (Retail Business & Operations) Shri Ashwini Kumar Tewari Managing Director (Risk, Compliance & SARG) Shri Swaminathan J. Managing Director (Corporate Banking & Subsidiaries)

Shri Challa Sreenivasulu Setty Managing Director (International Banking, Global Markets & Technology)

Directors:

Shri B. Venugopal Dr. Ganesh G Natarajan Shri Ketan S. Vikamsey Shri Mrugank M. Paranjape Shri Prafulla P. Chhajed Ms. Swati Gupta Shri Anil Kumar Sharma

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 Shri Dinesh Kumar Khara Chairman



In terms of our report of even date

For K C Mehta & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106237W/W100829

CA Chirag Bakshi Partner: M. No. 047164

For Guha Nandi & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 302039E

Dr. B. S. Kundu Partner: M. No. 051221

For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004283S

CA V Natarajan Partner: M. No. 223118

For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 103264W

CA Jayant Gokhale Partner: M. No. 033767

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 For ASA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009571N/N500006

CA Prateet Mittal Partner: M. No. 402631

For M C Bhandari & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 303002E

CA Nikhil Jain Partner: M. No. 301150

For Talati & Talati LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 110758W/W100377

CA Anand Sharma Partner: M. No. 129033

For M K Aggarwal & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 001411N

CA Atul Aggarwal Partner: M. No. 099374 For Prem Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000425N

CA Shakun Gupta Partner: M. No. 506838

For V Singhi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 311017E

CA Aniruddha Sengupta Partner: M. No. 051371

For Ravi Rajan & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009073N/N500320

CA Sumit Kumar Partner: M. No. 512555

For JLN US & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 101543W

CA Shalabh Kumar Daga Partner: M. No. 401428

forming part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023

SCHEDULE 1 - CAPITAL

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
Authorised Capital:		
5000,00,000 shares of ₹1 each (Previous Year 5000,00,000,000 shares of ₹1 each)	5000,00,00	5000,00,00
Issued Capital:		
892,54,05,164 Equity Shares of ₹1 each (Previous Year 892,54,05,164 Equity Shares of ₹1 each)	892,54,05	892,54,05
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital:		
892,46,11,934 Equity Shares of ₹1 each (Previous Year 892,46,11,534 Equity Shares of ₹1 each)	892,46,12	892,46,12
[The above includes 8,91,60,950 Equity Shares of ₹1 each (Previous Year 10,36,05,740 Equity Shares of ₹1 each) represented by 89,16,095 (Previous Year 1,03,60,574) Global Depository Receipts]		
TOTAL	892,46,12	892,46,12

SCHEDULE 2 - RESERVES & SURPLUS

			(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹		As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Statutory Reserves			
Opening Balance	85568,02,08	76065,22,66	
Additions during the year	15069,73,61	9502,79,42	
Deductions during the year	-	-	
	100637,75,69	1	85568,02,08
II. Capital Reserves			
Opening Balance	15759,98,23	15221,82,99	
Additions during the year	232,80,84	538,15,24	
Deductions during the year	-	-	
	15992,79,07		15759,98,23
III. Share Premium			
Opening Balance	79115,47,05	79115,47,05	
Additions during the year	63	-	
Deductions during the year	-	-	
	79115,47,68	1	79115,47,05
IV. Investment Fluctuation Reserve			
Opening Balance	7695,94,74	3048,07,72	
Additions during the year	4575,43,43	4647,87,02	
Deductions during the year	-	-	
	12271,38,17		7695,94,74



		(0	00s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹		31.03.2022 /ious Year) ₹
V. Foreign Currency Translation Reserve			
Opening Balance	9960,78,78	9072,39,67	
Additions during the year	2794,39,13	888,39,11	
Deductions during the year	-	-	
	12755,17,91	9	960,78,78
VI. Revenue and Other Reserves*			
Opening Balance	51836,11,81	50483,22,45	
Additions during the year	2252,30,72	1352,89,36	
Deductions during the year	-	-	
	54088,42,53	51	836,11,81
VII. Revaluation Reserve			
Opening Balance	23377,86,71	23577,34,78	
Additions during the year	4578,34,93	-	
Deductions during the year	199,95,74	199,48,07	
	27756,25,90	23	377,86,71
VIII. Balance of Profit and Loss Account	24098,71,82	5	881,40,49
TOTAL	326715,98,77	279	195,59,89

* Note: Revenue and Other Reserves include

i) ₹5,00,00 thousand (Previous Year ₹5,00,00 thousand) of Integration and Development Fund (maintained under Section 36 of the State Bank of India Act, 1955)

ii) Special Reserve under Section 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ₹17749,30,76 thousand (Previous Year ₹15696,95,76 thousand)

iii) Investment Reserves Current Year Nil (Previous Year Nil)

SCHEDULE 3 - DEPOSITS

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	
A. I. Demand Deposits		
i) From Banks	3449,99,90	6551,52,93
ii) From Others	295593,04,38	270172,30,80
II. Savings Bank Deposits	1588405,52,42	1526856,80,29
III. Term Deposits		
i) From Banks	6994,90,95	7909,81,63
ii) From Others	2529334,29,98	2240043,66,62
TOTAL	4423777,77,63	4051534,12,27
B. i) Deposits of Branches in India	4253570,79,60	3920200,81,67
ii) Deposits of Branches outside India	170206,98,03	131333,30,60
TOTAL	4423777,77,63	4051534,12,27

Company Overview

Responsible Approach Governance

forming part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023

SCHEDULE 4 - BORROWINGS

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Borrowings in India		
i) Reserve Bank of India	24956,00,00	24956,00,00
ii) Other Banks	150,00,00	-
iii) Other Institutions and Agencies	88372,10,40	144073,34,11
iv) Bonds & Debentures (Other than capital Instruments)	19718,00,00	-
v) Capital Instruments:		
a) Innovative Perpetual Debt Instruments (IPDI)	49842,70,00	36709,70,00
b) Subordinated Debt	39289,90,00	35289,90,00
	89132,60,00	71999,60,00
TOTAL	222328,70,40	241028,94,11
II. Borrowings outside India		
i) Borrowings and Refinance outside India	270806,45,22	185014,43,87
ii) Capital Instruments: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instruments (IPDI)	-	-
TOTAL	270806,45,22	185014,43,87
GRAND TOTAL	493135,15,62	426043,37,98
Secured Borrowings included in I & II above	129118,98,56	178690,84,91

SCHEDULE 5 - OTHER LIABILITIES & PROVISIONS

			(000s omitted)
		As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
Ι.	Bills payable	27360,44,54	33431,04,90
II.	Inter-office adjustments (Net)	4346,60,96	2344,61,99
III.	Interest accrued	27028,92,65	17704,33,21
IV.	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	72	2,55,53
V.	Others (including provisions)*	213721,15,64	176449,28,65
то	TAL	272457,14,51	229931,84,28

* Includes prudential provision for Standard Assets ₹25673,65,46 thousand (Previous Year ₹19972,60,99 thousand) which includes prudential provision made on a large borrower account having an exposure of ₹8,500 Crore.

SCHEDULE 6 - CASH AND BALANCES WITH RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Cash in hand (including foreign currency notes and gold)	21409,48,82	21742,92,83
II. Balance with Reserve Bank of India		
i) In Current Account	225678,08,70	236116,27,88
ii) In Other Accounts	-	60406,00,00
TOTAL	247087,57,52	318265,20,71



SCHEDULE 7 - BALANCES WITH BANKS AND MONEY AT CALL & SHORT NOTICE	
Some Dole / DALANCES WITH DAMAS AND MONET AT OALE & SHOTH NOTICE	

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year)	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year)
	₹	₹
I. In India		
i) Balances with banks		
a) In Current Accounts	-	-
b) In Other Deposit Accounts	-	-
ii) Money at call and short notice		
a) With banks	7770,44,34	547,22,08
b) With Other Institutions	-	-
TOTAL	7770,44,34	547,22,08
II. Outside India		
i) In Current Accounts	43379,39,74	61541,33,80
ii) In Other Deposit Accounts	1122,11,64	2772,69,44
iii) Money at call and short notice	8540,08,56	11425,86,08
TOTAL	53041,59,94	75739,89,32
GRAND TOTAL (I and II)	60812,04,28	76287,11,40

SCHEDULE 8 - INVESTMENTS

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Investments in India in:		
i) Government Securities	1238328,92,16	1162182,63,96
ii) Other Approved Securities	-	-
iii) Shares	14087,85,39	12424,39,66
iv) Debentures and Bonds	213392,76,78	215804,42,59
v) Subsidiaries and/or Joint Ventures (including Associates)*	14050,23,13	14012,38,80
vi) Others (Units of Mutual Funds etc.)	29076,31,69	23582,24,18
TOTAL	1508936,09,15	1428006,09,19
II. Investments outside India in:		
i) Government Securities (including local authorities)	30059,19,62	19728,93,24
ii) Subsidiaries and/or Joint Ventures abroad	5680,21,97	5028,44,04
iii) Other Investments (Shares, Debentures, etc.)	25690,71,83	28682,00,51
TOTAL	61430,13,42	53439,37,79
GRAND TOTAL (I and II)	1570366,22,57	1481445,46,98
III. Investments in India:		
i) Gross Value of Investments	1524189,29,58	1439648,85,34
ii) Less: Aggregate of Provisions/Depreciation	15253,20,43	11642,76,15
iii) Net Investments (vide I above)	1508936,09,15	1428006,09,19
IV. Investments outside India:		
i) Gross Value of Investments	63208,84,72	53537,57,21
ii) Less: Aggregate of Provisions/Depreciation	1778,71,30	98,19,42
iii) Net Investments (vide II above)	61430,13,42	53439,37,79
GRAND TOTAL (III and IV)	1570366,22,57	1481445,46,98

* Including Share application money

forming part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023

SCHEDULE 9 - ADVANCES

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
A. i) Bills purchased and discounted	181809,89,57	167282,62,94
ii) Cash credits, overdrafts and loans repayable on demand	836849,24,83	713526,87,72
iii) Term loans	2180610,15,28	1853157,08,63
TOTAL	3199269,29,68	2733966,59,29
B. i) Secured by tangible assets (includes advances against Book Debts)	2135804,65,54	1874674,76,97
ii) Covered by Bank/Government Guarantees	133100,11,33	114697,57,23
iii) Unsecured	930364,52,81	744594,25,09
TOTAL	3199269,29,68	2733966,59,29
C. I. Advances in India		
i) Priority Sector	697644,43,51	658546,87,83
ii) Public Sector	258891,40,67	167189,34,75
iii) Banks	447,11,05	1001,87,68
iv) Others	1751489,67,48	1496980,59,45
TOTAL	2708472,62,71	2323718,69,71
II. Advances outside India		
i) Due from banks	151113,59,09	119036,89,80
ii) Due from others		
a) Bills purchased and discounted	42518,59,79	35342,14,75
b) Syndicated loans	210775,60,39	182163,55,96
c) Others	86388,87,70	73705,29,07
TOTAL	490796,66,97	410247,89,58
GRAND TOTAL [C (I) and C (II)]	3199269,29,68	2733966,59,29

SCHEDULE 10 - FIXED ASSETS

				(000s omitted)
		As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹		As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I.	Premises (including Revalued Premises)			
	At cost/revalued as at 31 st March of the preceding year	30453,14,11	30362,68,76	
	Additions:			
	- during the year	28,76,48	107,12,39	
	- for Revaluation	6407,26,03	-	
	Deductions:			
	- during the year	6,81,67	1,16,82	
	- for Revaluation	1828,91,10	15,50,22	
	Depreciation to date:			
	- on cost	1190,11,99	1058,70,21	
	- on Revaluation	1228,86,53	1028,90,79	
		32634,45,33		28365,53,11



		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.202 (Current Yea	
II. Other Fixed Assets (including furniture and fixtures)		
At cost/revalued as at 31 st March of the preceding year	38171,83,29	36131,54,03
Additions during the year	3354,44,78	2608,18,79
Deductions during the year	666,53,00	567,89,53
Depreciation to date	31393,47,30	29069,87,58
	9466,27,7	7 9101,95,71
III. Assets under Construction (Including Premises)	281,07,2	1 240,67,01
TOTAL (I, II, and III)	42381,80,3	1 37708,15,83

SCHEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS

	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Inter-office adjustments (Net)	-	-
II. Interest accrued	39191,05,69	33675,81,75
III. Tax paid in advance/tax deducted at source	16517,16,78	22292,88,93
IV. Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	10534,22,09	6247,27,92
V. Stationery and stamps	22,56,00	18,28,40
VI. Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	56,10	56,10
VII. Others *	330796,01,63	277690,03,23
TOTAL	397061,58,29	339924,86,33

*Includes Deposits placed with NABARD/SIDBI/NHB amounting to ₹218591,19,47 thousand (Previous Year ₹195618,29,52 thousand)

SCHEDULE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		(000s omitted)
	As at 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	As at 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts	90421,31,87	85961,67,98
II. Liability for partly paid investments/Venture Funds	1689,05,00	1982,56,16
III. Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	1039221,77,94	1212393,31,12
IV. Guarantees given on behalf of constituents		
a) In India	165143,90,45	166478,97,17
b) Outside India	104910,29,06	95194,96,23
V. Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations	151795,92,04	178718,66,77
VI. Other items for which the bank is contingently liable*	273391,86,07	266353,28,63
TOTAL	1826574,12,43	2007083,44,06

*Includes Derivatives ₹261587,05,11 thousand (Previous Year ₹259459,41,01 thousand)

State Bank of India

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

				(000s omitted)
	Sche N		Year ended 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I.	INCOME			
	Interest earned 1	3	332103,06,02	275457,29,04
	Other Income 1-	4	36615,59,76	40563,91,40
	TOTAL		368718,65,78	316021,20,44
П.	EXPENDITURE			
	Interest expended 1	5	187262,55,56	154749,70,43
	Operating expenses 1	6	97743,13,61	93397,51,52
	Provisions and contingencies		33480,51,25	36198,00,44
	TOTAL		318486,20,42	284345,22,39
III.	PROFIT			
	Net Profit for the year		50232,45,36	31675,98,05
	Add: Profit/(Loss) brought forward		5881,40,49	(3600,84,46)
	TOTAL		56113,85,85	28075,13,59
IV.	APPROPRIATIONS			
	Transfer to Statutory Reserve		15069,73,61	9502,79,42
	Transfer to Capital Reserve		232,80,84	538,15,24
	Transfer to Investment Fluctuation Reserve		4575,43,43	4647,87,02
	Transfer to Revenue and other Reserves		2052,35,00	1168,44,00
	Dividend for the current year		10084,81,15	6336,47,42
	Balance carried over to Balance Sheet		24098,71,82	5881,40,49
	TOTAL		56113,85,85	28075,13,59
V.	EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE (Face value ₹1 per share)			
	Basic (in ₹)		56.29	35.49
	Diluted (in ₹)		56.29	35.49
	Significant Accounting Policies 1	7		
	Notes to Accounts 1	8		

Schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Profit & Loss Account.

Shri Alok Kumar Choudhary Managing Director (Retail Business & Operations) Shri Ashwini Kumar Tewari Managing Director (Risk, Compliance & SARG) Shri Swaminathan J. Managing Director (Corporate Banking & Subsidiaries) Shri Challa Sreenivasulu Setty Managing Director (International Banking, Global Markets & Technology)

Directors:

Shri B. Venugopal Dr. Ganesh G Natarajan Shri Ketan S. Vikamsey Shri Mrugank M. Paranjape Shri Prafulla P. Chhajed Ms. Swati Gupta Shri Anil Kumar Sharma

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 Shri Dinesh Kumar Khara Chairman



In terms of our report of even date

For K C Mehta & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106237W/W100829

CA Chirag Bakshi Partner: M. No. 047164

For Guha Nandi & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 302039E

Dr. B. S. Kundu Partner: M. No. 051221

For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004283S

CA V Natarajan Partner: M. No. 223118

For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 103264W

CA Jayant Gokhale Partner: M. No. 033767

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 For ASA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009571N/N500006

CA Prateet Mittal Partner: M. No. 402631

For M C Bhandari & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 303002E

CA Nikhil Jain Partner: M. No. 301150

For Talati & Talati LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 110758W/W100377

CA Anand Sharma Partner: M. No. 129033

For M K Aggarwal & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 001411N

CA Atul Aggarwal Partner: M. No. 099374 For Prem Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000425N

CA Shakun Gupta Partner: M. No. 506838

For V Singhi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 311017E

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CA Sumit Kumar Partner: M. No. 512555

For JLN US & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 101543W

CA Shalabh Kumar Daga Partner: M. No. 401428

forming part of the Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

SCHEDULE 13 - INTEREST EARNED

		Year ended 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
Ι.	Interest/ discount on advances/ bills	221400,64,68	171823,73,09
II.	Income on investments	95928,26,71	84877,20,42
III.	Interest on balances with Reserve Bank of India and other inter-bank funds	3491,01,12	4377,91,06
IV.	Others	11283,13,51	14378,44,47
тот	TOTAL		275457,29,04

SCHEDULE 14 - OTHER INCOME

			(000s omitted)
		Year ended 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
l.	Commission, exchange and brokerage	26244,65,58	24565,21,06
II.	Profit/(Loss) on sale of investments (Net)	3290,00,26	3485,08,43
III.	Profit/(Loss) on revaluation of investments (Net)	(4644,43,56)	(263,27,88)
IV.	Profit/(Loss) on sale of land, buildings and other assets (Net)	(29,78,85)	(16,86,60)
V.	Profit/(Loss) on exchange transactions (Net)	5284,68,59	3479,04,06
VI.	Income earned by way of dividends etc., from subsidiaries/ companies and/ or joint ventures abroad/ in India	855,10,80	718,37,49
VII.	Miscellaneous Income ¹	5615,36,94	8596,34,84
тот	AL	36615,59,76	40563,91,40

¹ Miscellaneous Income includes Recoveries made in write-off accounts ₹7097,30,65 thousand (Previous Year ₹7781,69,59 thousand).

SCHEDULE 15 - INTEREST EXPENDED

	(000s omiti		(000s omitted)
		Year ended 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I.	Interest on deposits	162418,04,53	141247,47,11
П.	Interest on Reserve Bank of India/Inter-bank borrowings	18080,16,02	7779,35,70
111.	Others	6764,35,01	5722,87,62
тот	TOTAL		154749,70,43



SCHEDULE 16 - OPERATING EXPENSES

(000s omitte		
	Year ended 31.03.2023 (Current Year) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (Previous Year) ₹
I. Payments to and provisions for employees ²	57291,84,28	57561,98,54
II. Rent, taxes and lighting	5702,00,53	5362,15,52
III. Printing and stationery	705,42,59	615,09,43
IV. Advertisement and publicity	323,38,66	316,15,73
V. Depreciation on Bank's property	3297,27,04	3248,58,59
VI. Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	1,56,38	1,70,49
VII. Auditors' fees and expenses (including branch auditors' fees and expenses)	270,79,10	270,60,67
VIII. Law charges	271,61,16	241,38,60
IX. Postages, Telegrams, Telephones etc.	536,54,31	507,66,87
X. Repairs and maintenance	1069,68,01	1036,20,89
XI. Insurance	5758,03,98	5239,81,42
XII. Other expenditure	22514,97,57	18996,14,77
TOTAL	97743,13,61	93397,51,52

²Payments to and provisions for employees includes exceptional item of Nil (Previous Year ₹7418,39,00 thousand) for enhancement in Family Pension under 11th Bipartite Settlement and Joint Note dated 11th November 2020.

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

SCHEDULE 17: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Background:

State Bank of India (SBI or the Bank) is a banking and financial services statutory body engaged in providing a wide range of products and services to individuals, commercial enterprises, large corporates, public bodies, and institutional customers. The Bank is governed by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, and the State Bank of India Act, 1955.

Following are the Significant Accounting Policies i.e. the specific accounting principles and methods of applying these principles in the preparation and presentation of financial statements of the Bank.

B. Basis of Preparation:

The accounting and reporting policies of the Bank conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP), comprising of regulatory norms, directions & guidelines prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), statutory guidelines of the State Bank of India Act, 1955, and the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, Accounting Standards issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), and the accounting practices prevalent in the banking industry in India.

In case of foreign offices, the statutory provisions, and practices of the local laws of the respective foreign country are followed if they are more prudent.

Bank's financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, with fundamental accounting assumptions of going concern, consistency and accrual, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with requirements under the Third Schedule of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

C. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that are considered in the reported amount of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

D. Significant Accounting Policies:

1. Revenue recognition:

- 1.1 Income and expenditure are accounted on accrual basis, except otherwise stated.
- 1.2 Interest/Discount income is recognized in the Profit and Loss Account on realisation basis for following:
 - Income from Non-Performing Assets (NPAs) including investments, as per the prudential norms prescribed by RBI/respective country regulators in the case of foreign offices (hereafter collectively referred to as Regulatory Authorities),
 - ii. Income on Rupee Derivatives designated as "Trading".
- 1.3 In accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India, Profit on sale of investments in the Held to Maturity (HTM) category and on sale of Fixed Assets is appropriated to Capital Reserve, net of applicable taxes and amount required to be transferred to Statutory Reserve.

The discount if any, on acquisition of investments in Held to Maturity (HTM) category is accounted as follows:

- a) on interest bearing securities, it is accounted for at the time of sale/redemption.
- b) on zero-coupon securities, it is accounted for over the balance tenor of the security on a constant yield basis.
- 1.4 Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- 1.5 Commission on Letters of Credit (LC)/Bank Guarantee (BG), Deferred Payment Guarantee, Government Business, ATM interchange fee & "Upfront fee on restructured account" are recognized on accrual basis proportionately over the period. All other commission and fee income are accounted on a realisation basis.



- One time Insurance Premium paid under Special Home Loan Scheme (December 2008 to June 2009) is amortised over the average loan period of 15 years.
- 1.7 Brokerage, Commission etc. paid/ incurred in connection with the issue of Bonds/ Deposits are amortised over the tenure of related Bonds/ Deposits and the expenses incurred in connection with the issue are charged upfront.
- 1.8 The Bank derecognises its financial assets when it sells to Securitisation Company (SC)/ Reconstruction Company (RC), and accounts for as under:
 - If the sale is at a price below the Net Book Value (NBV) (i.e. book value less provisions held), the shortfall is debited to the Profit and Loss Account in the year of sale.
 - ii. If the sale is for a value higher than the NBV, the excess provision is written back in the year the amounts are received.

2. Investments:

Investments are accounted for in accordance with the extant RBI guidelines on investment classification and valuation, as given below:

2.1 Classification:

As per RBI guidelines, investments are classified into Held to Maturity (HTM), Available for Sale (AFS) and Held for Trading (HFT) categories.

For disclosure in Balance Sheet, the investments are classified as Investments in India and outside India.

- Under each category, the investments in India are further classified as (i) Government Securities, (ii) Other Approved Securities, (iii) Shares, (iv) Bonds and Debentures, (v) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures and (vi) Others.
- The investments outside India are further classified as (i) Government Securities (ii) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (iii) Other Investments.

2.2 Basis of classification:

- i. Investments that the Bank intends to hold till maturity are categorised as "Held to Maturity (HTM)".
- ii. Investments that are held principally for resale within 90 days from the date of purchase are categorised as "Held for Trading (HFT)".
- iii. Investments, which are not classified in above two categories, are classified as "Available for Sale (AFS)".
- iv. An investment is classified as HTM, HFT or AFS at the time of its purchase and subsequent shifting amongst categories is done in conformity with regulatory guidelines.
- Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures are classified as HTM except in respect of those investments which are acquired and held exclusively with a view to its subsequent disposal. These investments are classified as AFS.

2.3 Valuation:

- The transactions in all securities are recorded on a Settlement Date and cost is determined on the weighted average cost method except for investments under HTM category which are accounted on FIFO basis (First In First Out).
 - Brokerage/commission received on subscriptions is reduced from the cost. Brokerage, Commission, Securities Transaction Tax (STT) etc. paid in connection with acquisition of investments are expensed upfront and excluded from cost.
 - Broken period interest paid/received on debt instruments is treated as interest expense/income and is excluded from cost/sale consideration.

Company Overview

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

ii. Valuation of investments classified as Held to Maturity:

- a) Investments under Held to Maturity category are carried at acquisition cost. The premium paid on acquisition if any, is amortised over the term to maturity on a constant yield basis. Such amortisation of premium is accounted as income on investments.
- b) Investments (in India and abroad) in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are valued at historical cost. A provision is made for diminution, other than temporary, for each investment individually.
- c) Investments in Regional Rural Banks are valued at carrying cost (i.e. book value).

iii. Valuation of investments classified as Available for Sale and Held for Trading:

Investments classified as Available for Sale and Held for Trading are individually revalued at market price or fair value determined as per the regulatory guidelines and the net depreciation if any, of each group for each category (viz. (i) Government securities, (ii) Other Approved Securities, (iii) Shares, (iv) Bonds and Debentures, (v) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures and (vi) others) is provided for and net appreciation is ignored.

iv. Valuation policy in event of inter category transfer of investments:

- a) Transfer of securities from HFT/AFS category to HTM category is carried out at the lower of acquisition cost/ book value/ market value on the date of transfer. The depreciation, if any, on such transfer is fully provided for.
- b) Transfer of securities from HTM category to AFS category is carried out on acquisition price/book value. On transfer, these securities are immediately revalued and resultant depreciation, if any, is provided, in the Profit and Loss Account.

- v. Valuation in case of sale of NPA (financial asset) to Securitisation Company (SC)/ Asset Reconstruction Company (ARC) against issue of Security Receipts:
 - a) The investment in security receipts obtained by way of sale of NPA to SC / RC, is recognized at lower of: (i) Net Book Value (NBV) (i.e. book value less provisions held) of the financial asset; and (ii) Redemption value of SR.
 - b) SRs issued by an SC / ARC are valued in accordance with the guidelines applicable to non-SLR instruments. Accordingly, in cases where the SRs issued by the SC / ARC are limited to the actual realisation of the financial assets assigned to the instruments in the concerned scheme, the Net Asset Value, obtained from the SC / ARC, is reckoned for valuation of such investments.
- vi. Treasury Bills and Commercial Papers are valued at carrying cost.

2.4 Investments (NPI):

- In respect of domestic offices, based on the guidelines issued by RBI, investments are classified as performing and non-performing as follows:
 - a) Interest/instalment (including maturity proceeds) is due and remains unpaid for more than 90 days.
 - b) In the case of equity shares, in the event the investment in shares of any company is valued at ₹1 per company on account of non-availability of the latest balance sheet, those equity shares would be reckoned as NPI.
 - c) The Bank also classifies an investment as a non-performing investment in case any credit facility availed by the same borrower/entity has been classified as a non-performing asset and vice versa. The above is applied to Preference Shares where the fixed dividend is not paid.



Responsible Approach

- d) The investments in debentures/bonds, which are deemed to be advance, are also subjected to NPI norms as applicable to investments.
- ii. In respect of foreign offices, classification and provisions for non-performing investments (NPIs) are made as per the local regulations or as per the norms of RBI, whichever are more prudent.

2.5 Accounting for Repo/Reverse Repo transactions:

- The Bank enters Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Transactions with RBI under Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) and with market participants. Repurchase Transaction represents borrowing by selling the securities with an agreement to repurchase the securities. Reverse Repo Transactions on the other hand, represent lending funds by purchasing the securities.
- Transactions with RBI under Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) are accounted for as Collateralised Lending and Borrowing transactions.
- ii. In Repo and Reverse Repo transaction, securities sold (purchased) and repurchased (resell) are accounted as normal outright sale (purchase) transactions and such movement of securities is reflected using the Repo/Reverse Repo Accounts and contra entries. The above entries are reversed on the date of maturity.
- iii. Balance in Repo Account is classified under Schedule 4 'Borrowings'.
- iv. All type of Reverse Repos with RBI including those under Liquidity Adjustment Facility are presented under sub item (ii) 'In Other Accounts' of item (II) Balances with RBI under Schedule 6 'Cash and balances with RBI'.
- v. Reverse Repos with banks and other institutions having original tenors up to and inclusive of 14 days are classified as Money at call and short notice under Schedule 7 'Balance with Banks and Money at call & short notice'. Reverse Repos with original maturity more than 14 days but up to 1 year are classified as Cash Credits, overdrafts and

loans repayable on demand, under Schedule 9 'Advances'. All other Reverse Repos are classified as Term Loans under Schedule 9 'Advances'.

vi. Borrowing cost of repo transactions and revenue on reverse repo transactions, with RBI or others, is accounted for as interest expense and interest income, respectively.

3. Loans/Advances and Provisions thereon:

- 3.1 Based on the guidelines/directives issued by the RBI, Loans and Advances are classified as performing and non-performing, as follows:
 - i. A term loan is classified as a non-performing asset, if interest and/or instalment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days.
 - ii. An Overdraft or Cash Credit is classified as a non-performing asset, if, the account remains "out of order", i.e. if the outstanding balance exceeds the sanctioned limit/drawing power continuously for a period of 90 days, or if there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet, or if the credits are not adequate to cover the interest debited during the same period.
 - The bills purchased/discounted are classified as Non-performing Asset, if the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days.
 - iv. The agricultural advances are classified as a non-performing if, (a) for short duration crops, where the instalment of principal or interest remains overdue for two crop seasons; and (b) for long duration crops, where the principal or interest remains overdue for one crop season.
- 3.2 NPAs are classified into Sub-standard, Doubtful and Loss Assets, based on the following criteria stipulated by RBI:
 - i. Sub-standard: A loan asset that has remained non-performing for a period less than or equal to 12 months.
 - Doubtful: A loan asset that has remained in the sub-standard category for a period of 12 months.

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

- iii. Loss: A loan asset where loss has been identified but the amount has not been fully written off.
- 3.3 Provisions are made for NPAs as per the extant guidelines prescribed by the regulatory authorities, subject to minimum provisions as prescribed below:

Sub-standard Assets:	i. A general provision of 15% on the total outstanding.		
	Additional provision of 10% for exposures which are unsecured ab-initio (i.e. where realisable value of security is not more than 10 percent ab-initio).		
	iii. Unsecured Exposure in respect of infrastructure advances where certain safeguards such as escrow accounts are available – 20%.		
Doubtful Assets:			
-Secured portion:	i. Up to one year – 25%		
	ii. One to three years - 40%		
	iii. More than three years - 100%		
-Unsecured portion	100%		
Loss Assets:	100%.		

- 3.4 In respect of foreign offices, the classification of loans and advances and provisions for NPAs are made as per the local regulations or as per the norms of RBI, whichever is more prudent.
- 3.5 Advances are net of specific loan loss provisions, unrealised interest, ECGC claims received and bills rediscounted.
- 3.6 For restructured/rescheduled assets, provisions are made in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI, which require that the difference between the fair value of the loans/advances before and after restructuring is provided for, in addition to provision for the respective loans/advances. The Provision for Diminution in Fair Value (DFV) and interest sacrifice, if any, arising out of the above, is reduced from advances.
- 3.7 In the case of loan accounts classified as NPAs, an account may be reclassified as a performing asset if it conforms to the guidelines prescribed by the regulators.

- 3.8 Amounts recovered against debts written off in earlier years are recognized as revenue in the year of recovery.
- 3.9 In addition to the specific provision on NPAs, general provisions are also made for standard assets as per extant RBI Guidelines. These provisions are reflected in Schedule 5 of the Balance Sheet under the head "Other Liabilities & Provisions – Others" and are not considered for arriving at the Net NPAs.
- 3.10 The Bank also makes additional provisions on specific non-performing assets.
- 3.11 Appropriation of recoveries in NPAs are made in order of priority as under:
 - a) Charges, Costs, Commission etc.
 - b) Unrealized Interest/Interest
 - c) Principal

However, in Compromise and Resolution/ Settlement through National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) cases, the recoveries are appropriated as per the terms of respective compromise/ resolution/ settlement. In case of suit filed accounts, recovery is appropriated as per directives of respective courts.

4. Floating Provisions & Countercyclical Provisioning Buffer:

The Bank has a policy for creation and utilisation of Countercyclical Provisioning Buffer in good times as well as for floating provisions separately for advances, investments, and general purposes. The quantum of floating provisions and Countercyclical Provisioning Buffer to be created is assessed at the end of the financial year. These provisions are utilised only for contingencies under extraordinary circumstances specified in the policy with prior permission of Reserve Bank of India.

5. Provision for Country Exposure:

In addition to the specific provisions held according to the asset classification status, provisions are also made for individual country exposures (other than the home country). Countries are categorised into seven risk categories, namely, insignificant, low, moderate, high, very high, restricted and off-



credit and provisioning made as per extant RBI guidelines. If the country exposure (net) of the Bank in respect of each country does not exceed 1% of the total funded assets, no provision is maintained on such country exposures. The provision is reflected in Schedule 5 of the Balance Sheet under the head "Other Liabilities & Provisions – Others".

6. Derivatives:

- 6.1 The Bank enters in derivative contracts, such as foreign currency options, interest rate swaps, currency swaps, cross currency interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements to hedge on-balance sheet/off-balance sheet assets and liabilities or for trading purposes. The swap contracts entered to hedge on-balance sheet assets and liabilities are structured in such a way that they bear an opposite and offsetting impact with the underlying on-balance sheet items. The impact of such derivative instruments is correlated with the movement of the underlying assets and accounted in accordance with the principles of hedge accounting.
- 6.2 Derivative contracts classified as hedge are recorded on accrual basis. Hedge contracts are not marked to market unless the underlying assets/ liabilities are also marked to market.
- 6.3 Except as mentioned above, all other derivative contracts are marked to market as per the Generally Accepted Accounting Practices prevalent in the industry. In respect of derivative contracts that are marked to market, changes in the market value are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account in the period of change. Any receivable under derivative contracts, which remain overdue for more than 90 days, are reversed through Profit and Loss Account to "Suspense Account Crystallised Receivables". In cases where the derivative contracts provide for more settlement in future and if the derivative contract is not terminated on the overdue receivables remaining unpaid for 90 days, the positive MTM pertaining to future receivables is also reversed from Profit and Loss Account to "Suspense Account - Positive MTM".
- 6.4 Option premium paid or received is recorded in Profit and Loss Account at the expiry of the option. The balance in the premium received on options sold and premium paid on options bought is

considered to arrive at Mark-to-Market value for forex Over the Counter (OTC) options.

6.5 Exchange Traded Derivatives entered in for trading purposes are valued at prevailing market rates based on rates given by the Exchange and the resultant gains and losses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

7. Fixed Assets, Depreciation and Amortisation:

- 7.1 Fixed Assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation/amortisation except for freehold premises carried at revalued amount, being fair value at the date of revaluation less accumulated depreciation, as stated otherwise.
- 7.2 Cost includes cost of purchase and all expenditure such as site preparation, installation costs and professional fees incurred on the asset before it is put-to-use. Subsequent expenditure(s) incurred on the assets put-to-use are capitalised only when it increases the future benefits from such assets or their functioning capability. The fixed assets in domestic offices are depreciated at straight-line method based on useful life of the assets stated as under:

Sr.

No.

i.

ii.

iii.

iv.

v.

vi.

vii.

Description of Fixed Assets	Useful life for Depreciation
Computers	3 years
Computer Software forming an integral part of the computer hardware	3 years
Computer Software which does not form an integral part of Computer hardware and cost of Software Development	3 years
Automated Teller Machine/ Cash Deposit Machine/ Coin Dispenser/ Coin Vending Machine	5 years
Server	4 years
Network Equipment	5 years
Other major fixed assets:	
Premises	60 years
Vehicles	5 years
Safe Deposit Lockers	20 years
Furniture & Fixtures	10 years

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forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

- 7.3 In respect of assets acquired during the year (for domestic operations), depreciation is charged on proportionate basis for the number of days the assets have been put-to-use during the year.
- 7.4 Assets costing less than ₹1,000 each are charged off in the year of purchase.
- 7.5 In respect of leasehold premises, the lease premium, if any, is amortised over the period of lease (except for premises and land on perpetual lease) and Lease payments for assets taken on Operating lease are recognized as expense in the Profit & Loss account over the lease term on straight-line basis.
- 7.6 In respect of fixed assets held at foreign offices, depreciation is provided as per the regulations/ norms of the respective countries.
- 7.7 The Bank revalue freehold immovable assets at every three years. The increase in Net Book Value of the asset due to revaluation is credited to the Revaluation Reserve Account without routing through the Profit and Loss Account. Additional Depreciation on the revalued asset is charged to the Profit and Loss Account and appropriated from the Revaluation Reserves to General Reserve. The revalued asset is depreciated over the balance useful life of the asset as assessed at the time of revaluation.

8. Leases:

The asset classification and provisioning norms applicable to advances, as laid down in Para 3 above, are applied to financial leases also.

9. Impairment of Assets:

Fixed Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances warrant that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future Net Discounted Cash Flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset.

10. Effect of changes in the foreign exchange rate:

10.1 Foreign Currency Transactions:

- i. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the reporting currency by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency on the date of transaction.
- Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) closing (spot/ forward) rates.
- Foreign currency non-monetary items, which are carried at historical cost, are reported using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.
- iv. Contingent liabilities denominated in foreign currency are reported using the FEDAI closing spot rates.
- v. Outstanding foreign exchange spot and forward contracts held for trading are revalued at the exchange rates notified by FEDAI for specified maturities, and the resulting Profit or Loss is recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.
- vi. Foreign exchange forward contracts which are not intended for trading and are outstanding on the balance sheet date, are re-valued at the closing spot rate. The premium or discount arising at the inception of such forward exchange contract is amortised as expense or income over the life of the contract.
- vii. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognized as income or as expense in the period in which they arise.
- viii. Gains/Losses on account of changes in exchange rates of open position in currency futures trades are settled with the exchange clearing house on daily basis and such gains/losses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.



10.2 Foreign Operations:

Foreign Branches of the Bank and Offshore Banking Units (OBU) have been classified as Non-integral Operations and Representative Offices have been classified as Integral Operations.

- i. Non-integral Operations:
 - a. Both monetary and non-monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities including contingent liabilities of nonintegral foreign operations are translated at closing exchange rates notified by FEDAI at the Balance Sheet date.
 - Income and expenditure of non-integral foreign operations are translated at quarterly average closing rates notified by FEDAI.
 - c. Exchange differences arising on investment in non-integral foreign operations are accumulated in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve until the disposal of the investment.
 - d. The Assets and Liabilities of foreign offices in foreign currency (other than local currency of the foreign offices) are translated into local currency using spot rates applicable to that country on the balance sheet date.

ii. Integral Operations:

- a. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the reporting currency by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency on the date of transaction.
- b. Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities of integral foreign operations are translated at closing (Spot/Forward) exchange rates notified by FEDAI at the balance sheet date and the resulting Profit/Loss is included in the Profit and Loss Account. Contingent Liabilities are translated at Spot rate.

c. Foreign currency non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.

11. Employee Benefits:

11.1 Short-Term Employee Benefits:

The undiscounted amounts of short-term employee benefits, such as medical benefits which are expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees, are recognized during the period when the employee renders the service.

11.2 Long-Term Employee Benefits:

- i. Defined Benefit Plans:
 - a. The Bank operates a Provident Fund scheme. All eligible employees are entitled to receive benefits under the Bank's Provident Fund scheme. The Bank contributes to the fund at 10% of employee's basic pay plus eligible allowance monthly. These contributions are remitted to a Trust established for this purpose and are charged to Profit and Loss Account. The Bank recognizes such annual contributions as an expense in the year to which it relates. Shortfall, if any, is provided for based on actuarial valuation.
 - b. The Bank operates Gratuity and Pension schemes which are defined benefit plans.
 - The Bank provides for gratuity to all eligible employees. The benefit is in the form of lump sum payments to vested employees on retirement, or on death while in employment, or on termination of employment, for an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary payable for each completed year of service, subject to the cap prescribed by the Statutory Authorities or Service Gratuity without cap for erstwhile Associate Bank's employees. Vestina occurs upon completion of five years of service. The Bank makes

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forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

periodic contributions to a fund administered by Trustees based on an independent external actuarial valuation carried out annually.

- The Bank provides for pension to all eligible employees. The benefit is in the form of monthly payments as per rules to vested employees on retirement or on death while in employment, or on termination of employment. Vesting occurs at different stages as per rules. The Bank makes monthly contribution to the Pension Fund at 10% of salary in terms of SBI Employees' Pension Fund Regulations. The pension liability is reckoned based on an independent actuarial valuation carried out annually and Bank makes such additional contributions periodically to the Fund as may be required to secure payment of the benefits under the Pension Fund Regulations.
- c. The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and are not deferred.

ii. Defined Contribution Plan:

The Bank operates a New Pension Scheme (NPS) for all officers/employees joining the Bank on or after 1st August 2010, which is a defined contribution plan. (Such new joinees not being entitled to become members of the existing SBI Pension Scheme). As per the scheme, these employees contribute 10% of their basic pay plus dearness allowance to the scheme together with Bank's contribution at 14% of basic pay plus dearness allowance. Pending completion of registration procedures of the employees concerned, these contributions are retained as deposits in the Bank and earn interest at the rate applicable to Provident Fund balance. The

Bank recognizes such annual contributions and interest as an expense in the year to which they relate. Upon receipt of the Permanent Retirement Account Number (PRAN), the consolidated contribution amounts are transferred to the NPS Trust.

iii. Other Long Term Employee Benefits:

- a. All eligible employees of the Bank are eligible for compensated absences, silver jubilee award, leave travel concession, retirement award and resettlement allowance. The cost of such long-term employee benefits are internally funded by the Bank.
- b. The cost of providing other long-term benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Past service cost, if any, is immediately recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and is not deferred.
- 11.3 Employee benefits relating to employees employed at foreign offices are valued and accounted for as per the respective local laws/regulations.

12. Segment Reporting:

The Bank recognizes the business segment as the primary reporting segment and geographical segment as the secondary reporting segment in accordance with the RBI guidelines and in compliance with the Accounting Standard 17 issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

13. Taxes on income:

Income tax expense is the aggregate amount of current tax and deferred tax expense incurred by the Bank. The current tax expense and deferred tax expense are determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and as per Accounting Standard 22 – "Accounting for Taxes on Income" respectively after considering taxes paid at the foreign offices, which are based on the tax laws of respective jurisdictions. Deferred Tax



adjustments comprises of changes in the deferred tax assets or liabilities during the year. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized by considering the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the current year and carry forward losses. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. The impact of changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in the profit and loss account. Deferred tax assets are recognized and re-assessed at each reporting date, based upon management's judgement as to whether their realisation is considered as reasonably certain. Deferred Tax Assets are recognized on carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realised against future profits.

14. Earnings per Share:

- 14.1 The Bank reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with AS 20 –"Earnings per Share" issued by the ICAI. Basic Earnings per Share are computed by dividing the Net Profit after Tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.
- 14.2 Diluted Earnings per Share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted Earnings per Share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding at year end.

15. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

15.1 In conformity with AS 29, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the Bank recognizes provisions only when it has a present obligation because of a past event, and would result in a probable outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. 15.2 No provision is recognized for:

- any possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Bank; or
- ii) any present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because:
 - a) it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - b) a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

Such obligations are recorded as Contingent Liabilities. These are assessed at regular intervals and only that part of the obligation for which an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable, is provided for, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

- 15.3 Provision for reward points in relation to the debit card holders of the Bank is being provided for on actuarial estimates.
- 15.4 Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Bank from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Bank recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.
- 15.5 Contingent Assets are not recognized in the financial statements.

16. Bullion Transactions:

The Bank imports bullion including precious metal bars on a consignment basis for selling to its customers. The imports are typically on a backto-back basis and are priced to the customer based on price quoted by the supplier. The Bank earns a fee on such bullion transactions. The fee

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is classified under commission income. The Bank also accepts deposits and lends gold, which is treated as deposits/ advances as the case may be with the interest paid/ received classified as interest expense/ income. Gold Deposits, Metal Loan Advances and closing Gold Balances are valued at available Market Rate as on the date of Balance Sheet.

17. Special Reserves:

Revenue and other Reserve include Special Reserve created under Section 36(i)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The Board of Directors of the Bank has passed a resolution approving creation of the reserve and confirming that it has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve.

18. Share Issue Expenses:

Share issue expenses are charged to the Share Premium Account.

19. Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include Cash and Balances with RBI, Balances with Banks and money at call and short notice.



SCHEDULE - 18: NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

18.1 Regulatory Capital

a) Composition of Regulatory Capital (As per Basel III)

	(₹ in C		
Sr. No.	Items	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
i)	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	2,85,834.97	2,46,360.79
ii)	Additional Tier 1 capital	49,692.70	36,709.70
iii)	Tier 1 capital (i + ii)	3,35,527.67	2,83,070.49
iv)	Tier 2 capital	73,051.40	59,721.52
v)	Total capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	4,08,579.07	3,42,792.01
vi)	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	27,83,058.70	24,78,703.46
vii)	CET 1 Ratio (%) (CET 1 as a percentage of RWAs)	10.27%	9.94%
viii)	Tier 1 capital ratio (%) (Tier 1 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	12.06%	11.42%
ix)	Tier 2 capital ratio (%) (Tier 2 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	2.62%	2.41%
x)	Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (%) (Total capital as a percentage of RWAs)	14.68%	13.83%
xi)	Leverage ratio	5.52%	5.09%
xii)	Percentage of the Shareholding of Government of India	56.92%	56.92%
xiii)	Amount of paid-up equity capital raised during the year	\$	
xiv)	Amount of non-equity Tier 1 capital raised during the year: Basel III compliant Perpetual Debt Instruments	15,133.00	13,974.00
xv)	Amount of Tier 2 capital raised during the year: Basel III compliant Debt Capital instruments	4,000.00	

RBI vide circular No. DBR.No.BP.BC.83/21.06.201/2015-16 dated 1st March 2016, has given discretion to banks to consider Revaluation Reserve, Foreign Currency Translation Reserve and Deferred Tax Asset for purposes of computation of Capital Adequacy as CET-I capital ratio. The Bank has exercised the option in the above computation.

\$ The Bank during the year, has allotted 400 equity shares of ₹1/- each for cash at a premium of ₹158/- per equity share out of 7,93,630 shares (issued as a part of Right Issue-2008) allotment of which was held in abeyance for resolution of title dispute. Out of the total subscription of ₹63,600/- received, ₹400/- was transferred to Share Capital Account and ₹63,200/- to Share Premium Account. As on 31st March 2023 allotment of 7,93,230 shares is held in abeyance.

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

b) Drawdown from Reserves:

During the year, there has been no draw down from the reserves to the Profit & Loss Account.

c) Innovative Perpetual Debt Instruments (IPDI)

The details of IPDI issued which qualify for Hybrid Tier I Capital and outstanding are as under:

				(₹ in Crore)
Sr. No.	Nature of Bonds	Principal Amount	Date of Issue	Rate of Interest % p.a.
i)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT 1 Bonds 2018	4,021.00	04.12.2018	9.56
ii)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT 1 Bonds 2018 Series II	2,045.00	21.12.2018	9.37
iii)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT 1 Bonds 2018 Series III	1,251.30	22.03.2019	9.45
iv)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT 1 Bonds 2019-20 Series I	3,104.80	30.08.2019	8.75
v)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT 1 Bonds 2019-20 Series II	3,813.60	22.11.2019	8.50
vi)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds 2020-21 Series 1	4,000.00	09.09.2020	7.74
vii)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds - Series II 2020	2,500.00	24.11.2020	7.73
viii)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds Series I 2021	4,000.00	03.09.2021	7.72
ix)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds Series II 2021	6,000.00	18.10.2021	7.72
x)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds Series III 2021	3,974.00	14.12.2021	7.55
xi)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds Series I 2022-23	6,872.00	09.09.2022	7.75
xii)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds Series II 2022-23	4,544.00	21.02.2023	8.20
xiii)	SBI Non-Convertible Unsecured Basel III AT1 Bonds Series III 2022-23	3,717.00	09.03.2023	8.25
Tota		49,842.70		



(**-** · **-**)

d) Subordinated Debts

The bonds are unsecured, long-term, non-convertible and are redeemable at par. The details of outstanding subordinate debts are as under: -

					(₹ in Crore)
Sr. No.	Nature of Bonds	Principal Amount	Date of Issue /Date of Redemption	Rate of Interest % p.a.	Maturity Period in Months
i)	SBI Non-Convertible		02.01.2014		
	(Private placement) Bonds 2013-14 (Tier II)	2,000.00	02.01.2024	9.69	120
ii)	e-SBM Tier II	500.00	17.12.2014	0.55	100
	Basel III compliant	500.00 —	17.12.2024	8.55	120
iii)	e -SBP Tier II	050.00	22.01.2015	9.20	120
	Basel III compliant (Series I)	950.00 —	22.01.2025	8.29	120
iv)	e- SBBJ Tier II	200.00 —	20.03.2015	8.30	120
	Basel III compliant	200.00 -	20.03.2025	8.30	120
v)	e -SBH Tier II	393.00 -	31.03.2015	8.32	120
	Basel III compliant (Series XIV)	393.00 -	31.03.2025	0.32	120
vi)	e -SBH Tier II	500.00 -	30.12.2015	8.40	120
	Basel III compliant (Series XV)	500.00	30.12.2025	8.40	120
vii)	e-SBM Tier II	300.00 —	31.12.2015	8.40	120
	Basel III compliant	300.00	31.12.2025	8.40	120
viii)	e-SBM Tier II	200.00 —	18.01.2016	8.45	120
	Basel III compliant	200.00	18.01.2026	0.45	120
ix)	e -SBH Tier II	200.00 —	08.02.2016	8,45	120
	Basel III compliant (Series XVI)	200.00	08.02.2026	0.40	120
x)	SBI Non-Convertible, Unsecured	4,115.90 —	02.11.2018	8.90	120
	Basel III - Tier II Bonds 2018-19	4,110.00	02.11.2028	0.00	120
xi)	SBI Non-Convertible, Unsecured	5,000.00 —	28.06.2019	7.99	120
	Basel III - Tier II Bonds 2019-20	3,000.00	28.06.2029	1.55	120
xii)	SBI Non-Convertible, Unsecured	8,931.00 —	21.08.2020	6.80	180
	Basel III -Tier II Bonds 2020-21 Series I	0,001.00	21.08.2035	0.00	100
xiii)	SBI Non-Convertible, Unsecured	7,000.00 —	21.09.2020	6.24	120
	Basel III -Tier II Bonds 2020-21 Series II	7,000.00	21.09.2030	0.24	120
xiv)	SBI Non-Convertible, Unsecured	5,000.00 -	26.10.2020	5.83	120
	Basel III Tier 2 Bonds 2020-21 Series III	5,000.00	26.10.2030	0.03	120
vx)	SBI Non-Convertible, Unsecured	4,000.00 -	23.09.2022	7.57	180
	Basel III Tier 2 Bonds 2022-2023 Series I	4,000.00	23.09.2032	1.57	100
	TOTAL	39,289.90			

18.2 Asset Liability Management:

a) Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as at 31st March 2023

												(₹ in Crore)
	Day 1	2-7 Days	8-14 Days	15 to 30 Days	Over 31 days and up to 2 months	Over 2 months and up to 3 months	Over 3 months and up to 6 months	Over 6 months and up to 1 year	Over 1 year and up to 3 years	Over 3 years and up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	62,021.01	81,883.25	45,827.82	64,120.64	88,668.79	60,036.93	1,82,952.43	10,66,628.66	9,63,143.94	5,25,512.40	12,82,981.92	44,23,777.78
	(65,464.24)	(65,464.24) (79,811.62)	(49,407.77)	(66,029.77)	(74,518.20)	(62,378.97)	(1,69,876.16)	(1,69,876.16) (9,51,227.96) (8,88,676.97) (4,42,764.54) (12,01,377.92) (40,51,534.12)	(8,88,676.97)	(4,42,764.54) ((12,01,377.92) (40,51,534.12)
Advances	43,124.35	18,214.44	16,962.84	41,105,18	79,902.61	60,557.90	1,89,565.69	2,38,645,46	11,55,432.84	4,33,665.73	9,22,092.26	31,99,269.30
	(35,455.14)	(17,489.88)	(21,462.78)	(45,328.82)	(57,802.93)	(59,606.96)	(1,53,396.53)	(2,20,131.63)	(9,63,157.51)	(3,58,491.91)	(8,01,642.50) (27,33,966.59)	27,33,966.59)
Investments	355.75	1,278.98	4,552.48	17,717.98	50,026.23	25,047.13	62,332.71	1,86,969.71	2,61,846.37	2,38,318.28	7,21,920.61	7,21,920.61 15,70,366.23
	(324.55)	(1,146.46)	(4,577.73)	(3,851.73)	(9,930.25)	(21,605.55)	(58,778.27)	(96,380.18)	(3,88,944.97)	(96,380.18) (3,88,944.97) (2,54,458.06) (6,41,447.72) (14,81,445.47)	(6,41,447.72) (14,81,445.47)
Borrowings	21.11	1,05,533.97	16,840.87	28,535.79	27,044.48	37,140.22	47,064.18	55,395.05	66,095.16	53,366.85	56,097.48	4,93,135.16
	(58.99)	(58.99) (1,50,299.24)	(7,992.20)	(12,734.96)	(18,023.76)	(16,628.14)	(27,877.17)	(21,910.67)	(86,386.10)	(60,331.41)	(23,800.74)	(4,26,043.38)
Foreign Currency	11,699.08	8,291.75	8,689.76	21,566.10	40,420,48	42,014,10	93,188.46	73,245.98	1,38,699.09	1,08,321.98	61,971.61	6,08,108.41
Assets#	(10,959.11)	(7,939.73)	(12,880.42)	(25,295.77)	(31,319.50)	(32,758.84)	(60,542.17)	(58,350.82)	(58,350.82) (1,29,602.34)	(80,642.55)	(63,806.67)	(5,14,097.92)
Foreign Currency	24,828.68	10,034.84	9,639.00	30,962.01	44,476.12	50,917.06	74,840.99	82,402.52	74,915.44	54,743.19	28,376.66	4,86,136.50
Liabilities*	(30,609.40)	(9,560.59)	(9,743.65)	(17,542,84)	(22,526.37)	(26,932.35)	(43,668.69)	(56,277.39)	(70,303.27)	(46,238.82)	(21,258.68)	(3,54,662.04)
			oto contraction of the contracti									

* Foreign Currency Assets represent advances and investments.

Foreign Currency Liabilities represent borrowings and deposits.

(Figures in brackets are as at 31st March 2022).

b) Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):

i) Standalone LCR

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) standard represents an unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be converted into cash to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under significantly severe liquidity stress scenario.

LCR = Stock of high-quality liquid assets (HQLAs)

Total net cash outflow over the next 30 calendar days

of in a range Liquid assets comprise of high-quality assets that can be readily encashed or used as collateral to obtain cash stress scenarios. There are two categories of assets included in the stock of HQLAs, viz. Level 1 and Level 2 assets. While Level 1 assets are with 0% haircut, Level 2A and Level 2 B assets are with 15% and 50% haircuts respectively. The total net cash outflow is the total expected cash outflows minus total expected cash inflows for the subsequent 30 calendar days.

Total expected cash outflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories or types of liabilities and off-balance sheet commitments by the rates at which they are expected to run off or be drawn down. Total expected cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in up to an aggregate cap of 75% of total expected cash outflows.

SCHEDULES



Quantitative Disclosure:

										(₹ in Crore)
	Li	quidity Cov	erage Ratio (S	tate Bank o	f India - Stand	alone)				
	Quarter 31 st Marc		Quarter 31 st Decem		Quarter 30 th Septen		Quarter 30 th June		Quarter 31 st Marc	
LCR COMPONENTS	Total Unweighted Value (Average)	Total Weighted Value (Average)								
High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)										
1. Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		12,13,100		11,73,646		11,94,963		11,94,891		11,26,684
Cash Outflows										
2. Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:										
i) Stable deposits	9,08,572	45,429	8,69,034	43,452	8,61,427	43,071	8,54,050	42,702	8,54,540	42,727
ii) Less Stable Deposits	21,03,084	2,10,308	19,65,126	1,96,513	19,26,234	1,92,623	18,93,530	1,89,353	18,66,220	1,86,622
3. Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:										
i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	10,48,772	6,07,493	11,34,193	7,21,643	11,55,449	7,25,980	11,26,583	6,86,012	10,33,929	6,30,544
iii) Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Secured wholesale funding	1,37,680	222	1,59,708	1,004	1,43,236	457	1,66,298	88	1,76,267	25
5. Additional requirements, of which										
i) Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	3,92,263	3,92,263	4,20,855	4,20,855	4,30,256	4,30,256	4,83,581	4,83,581	4,01,193	4,01,193
ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	78,921	13,327	53,708	8,259	56,886	8,763	50,843	8,090	47,971	7,990
6. Other contractual funding obligations	46,656	46,656	42,354	42,354	39,279	39,279	40,079	40,079	38,146	38,146
7. Other contingent funding obligations	7,94,503	30,705	6,52,860	23,421	6,43,086	22,947	6,31,938	22,492	6,37,250	22,598
8. Total Cash Outflows	55,10,450	13,46,403	52,97,838	14,57,501	52,55,854	14,63,376	52,46,901	14,72,398	50,55,515	13,29,845
Cash Inflows										
9. Secured lending (e.g. Reverse repos)	15,796	-	11,056	-	27,428	-	92,946	-	75,185	-
10. Inflows from fully performing exposures	5,07,787	4,75,478	5,40,938	5,10,381	5,37,306	5,08,882	5,97,328	5,68,504	5,04,133	4,77,011
11. Other cash inflows	54,824	43,516	51,257	40,506	48,817	39,387	45,615	38,649	44,252	36,201
12. Total Cash Inflows	5,78,408	5,18,994	6,03,251	5,50,887	6,13,551	5,48,268	7,35,888	6,07,154	6,23,571	5,13,212
13. Total HQLA		12,13,100		11,73,646		11,94,963		11,94,891		11,26,684
14. Total Net Cash Outflows		8,27,409		9,06,613		9,15,108		8,65,244		8,16,633
15. Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		146.61%		129.45%		130.58%		138.10%		137.97%

In accordance with RBI guidelines vide circular No. RBI/2014-15/529 DBR. No. BP.BC.80/21.06.201/2014-15 dated 31st March 2015, average weighted and unweighted amounts have been calculated taking simple daily average. The Bank has considered 66 data points for the quarter January to March 2023.

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Bank's LCR comes to 146.61% based on daily average of three months (Q4 FY22-23) and is above the minimum regulatory requirement of 100%. Average HQLA held during the quarter was ₹12,13,100 Crore, with 95.90% being Level 1 assets. Level 2A and Level 2B assets constitute 3.45% and 0.65% of total HQLA, respectively. Government Securities constituted 95.77% of Total Level 1 Assets. During the quarter, the weighted average HQLA level has increased by ₹39,454 Crore primarily on account of increase in excess SLR balance. Further, weighted average net cash outflows position has declined by ₹79,204 Crore during the quarter, mainly on account of decline in cash outflows under the head other legal entity customers. Derivative exposures are considered insignificant due to almost matching inflows and outflows position. During the quarter, LCR for USD (significant Foreign Currency constituting more than 5% of the Balance Sheet of the Bank) was at 295.17%, on an average.

Liquidity Management in the Bank is driven by the ALM Policy of the Bank and regulatory prescriptions. The Domestic and International Treasuries are apprising the liquidity position to the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) of the Bank. The ALCO has been empowered by the Bank's Board to formulate the Bank's funding strategies to ensure that the funding sources are well diversified and is consistent with the operational requirements of the Bank. All the major decisions of ALCO are being reported to the Bank's Board subsequently. In addition to daily/monthly LCR reporting, Bank also prepares daily Structural Liquidity statements to assess the liquidity needs of the Bank on an ongoing basis.

The Bank has been maintaining HQLA mainly in the form of SLR investments over and above the mandatory requirements. Retail deposits constitute major portion of total funding sources, which are well diversified. Management is of the view that the Bank has sufficient liquidity cover to meet its likely future commitments.

ii) Consolidated LCR

The RBI through a supplementary guideline issued on 31st March 2015 had stipulated the implementation of LCR at a consolidated level from January 1, 2016 and accordingly, LCR has been computed at Group level. The entities covered in the Group LCR are SBI and seven Overseas Banking Subsidiaries - Commercial Indo Bank LLC, Moscow, Nepal SBI Bank Ltd., State Bank of India (California), SBI Canada Bank, State Bank of India (Mauritius) Ltd, PT Bank SBI Indonesia and State Bank of India (UK) Ltd. SBI Group LCR comes to 148.30% as on 31st March 2023 based on average of three months January, February and March 2023, which is above the minimum regulatory requirement of 100%.

The Group has been maintaining HQLA mainly in the form of SLR investments over and above the mandatory requirements. Retail deposits constitute major portion of total funding sources, and such funding sources are well diversified. Management is of the view that the Bank has sufficient liquidity cover to meet its likely future short-term requirements.



Group Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) as on quarter ended 31.03.2023 (January-March, 2023)

(₹ in Crore)

		Liquidity (Coverage Ratio	o (State Ban	k of India Grou	up) (qu				
	Quarter 31 st Marc		Quarter 31 st Decem		Quarter 30 th Septerr		Quarter 30 th June		Quarter 31 st Marc	
GLCR COMPONENTS	Total Unweighted Value (Average)**	Total Weighted Value (Average)								
High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)										
1. Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		12,25,975		11,85,275		12,21,055		12,01,176		11,32,828
Cash Outflows										
 Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which: 										
i) Stable deposits	9,16,870	45,844	8,77,353	43,868	8,85,495	44,275	8,62,268	43,113	8,63,104	43,15
ii) Less Stable Deposits	21,19,665	2,11,966	19,81,341	1,98,134	19,69,089	1,96,909	19,05,186	1,90,519	18,77,488	1,87,749
3. Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:										
i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	227	57	259	65	838	210	245	61	213	5
 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) 	10,52,154	6,09,695	11,38,101	7,24,162	11,66,171	7,33,083	11,29,875	6,88,187	10,36,748	6,32,55
iii) Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4. Secured wholesale funding	1,38,072	366	1,60,384	1,228	1,45,100	1,001	1,66,988	429	1,76,737	15
5. Additional requirements, of which										
 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 	3,92,411	3,92,411	4,21,042	4,21,042	4,30,733	4,30,733	4,83,693	4,83,693	4,01,387	4,01,38
Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	82,077	14,673	57,500	9,708	67,599	13,038	53,719	9,169	50,247	8,71
6. Other contractual funding obligations	47,126	47,126	42,920	42,920	41,634	41,634	41,218	41,218	39,315	39,31
7. Other contingent funding obligations	7,96,945	30,779	6,55,329	23,496	6,50,746	23,180	6,34,329	22,565	6,39,545	22,66
8. Total Cash Outflows	55,45,546	13,52,917	53,34,229	14,64,621	53,57,406	14,84,062	52,77,520	14,78,954	50,84,784	13,35,76
Cash Inflows										
9. Secured lending (e.g. Reverse repos)	15,796	-	11,056	-	27,428	-	92,946	-	75,185	
10. Inflows from fully performing exposures	5,17,534	4,82,562	5,48,427	5,14,666	5,58,824	5,20,994	6,03,646	5,72,192	5,10,004	4,80,11
11. Other cash inflows	54,979	43,671	51,752	41,001	49,947	40,517	45,927	38,961	44,508	36,45
12. Total Cash Inflows	5,88,310	5,26,233	6,11,235	5,55,667	6,36,198	5,61,511	7,42,519	6,11,153	6,29,697	5,16,57
13. Total HQLA		12,25,975		11,85,275		12,21,055		12,01,176		11,32,82
14. Total Net Cash Outflows		8,26,684		9,08,954		9,22,552		8,67,801		8,19,18
15. Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%)		148.30%		130.40%		132.36%		138.42%		138.29%

** Monthly average of 3 months data considered for Overseas Banking Subsidiaries and daily average considered for SBI(Solo).

c) Net Stable Funding Ratio:

Standalone Net Stable Funding Ratio: i)

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) guidelines ensure reduction in funding risk over a longer time horizon by requiring banks to fund their activities with sufficiently stable sources of funding in order to mitigate the risk of future funding stress. The NSFR is defined as the amount of Available Stable Funding relative to the amount of Required Stable Funding.

Available Stable Funding (ASF) NSFR = ≥ 100% Required Stable Funding (RSF)

Statutory Reports

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Quantitative Disclosure: The following tables contain unweighted and weighted values of NSFR components of SBI (Solo) as at 31st March 2023, 31st December 2022, 30th September 2022 and 30th June 2022 (i.e. quarter end observations) :

		Not Stabl	o Funding P	atia (Stata F	onk of India	Standalar					(₹ in Crore)
		Net Stabl	-	on as on 31.0		- Standalor	ie)	Desitie	n aa an 21 1	2 2022	
	,	Unusia					Universit		n as on 31.1 oy residual m		
NS	FR Components	Onweig No	hted value b < 6	-	laturity	- Weighted	No		6 months		- Weighted
		maturity	< o months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value	maturity	< o months	to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value
AS	F Item										
1.	Capital: (2+3)			-	4,07,423	4,07,423	-	-		3,96,009	3,96,009
2.	Regulatory capital	-	-	-	4,07,423	4,07,423	-	-	-	3,96,009	3,96,009
3.	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	14,66,184	4,82,484	5,13,982	5,84,499	27,87,242	14,76,985	4,83,491	5,35,766	5,26,987	27,66,326
5.	Stable deposits	4,17,678	1,54,564	1,65,854	1,58,061	8,51,350	4,38,722	1,54,116	1,73,686	1,41,877	8,62,981
6.	Less stable deposits	10,48,506	3,27,920	3,48,128	4,26,438	19,35,892	10,38,263	3,29,375	3,62,080	3,85,110	19,03,345
7.	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	3,00,821	3,95,079	2,45,063	4,52,127	8,64,625	2,46,577	3,73,816	2,55,092	3,86,008	8,11,805
8.	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	Other wholesale funding	3,00,821	3,95,079	2,45,063	4,52,127	8,64,625	2,46,577	3,73,816	2,55,092	3,86,008	8,11,805
10.		7,80,210	1,10,741	34,591	34,103	-	7,67,214	95,510	37,431	21,684	-
11.	NSFR derivative liabilities	.,	25	-	330		.,,		-	93	
12.		7,80,210	1,10,716	34,591	33,773	-	7,67,214	95,510	37,431	21,591	-
13.	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					40,59,290					39,74,140
RS	Fitem										
14.	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					74,681					71,722
15.		13,492	37,512	-	2,385	26,695	20,874	27,220	-	3,240	25,667
16.	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	5,360	6,74,535	2,65,986	6,23,214	8,50,657	5,637	6,61,749	2,75,068	6,56,718	8,83,606
17.	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	7,406	-	-	741	-	3,996	-	-	400
18.	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	1,30,127	-	-	19,519	-	1,04,033	-	-	15,605
19.	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	5,37,002	2,65,986	3,03,341	5,98,666	-	5,53,720	2,75,068	3,17,277	6,20,624
20.	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	3,03,341	1,97,172	-	-	-	3,17,277	2,06,230
21.	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	2,23,583	1,45,329	-	-	-	2,31,696	1,50,603
22.	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	2,23,583	1,45,329	-	-	-	2,31,696	1,50,603
23.	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities		-	-	96,290	86,402	5,637	-	-	1,07,745	96,374
24.	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	12,23,321	52,307	5,992	14,51,872	25,43,068	10,84,334	73,829	4,109	13,38,616	23,24,990
25.	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-
26.	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		-	-	-	1,098		-	-	-	1,103
27.	NSFR derivative assets		-	-	-	-		1,042	-	-	1,042
28.	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		1,752	1,099	2,886	5,737		1,636	1,483	2,988	6,107
29.	All other assets not included in the above categories	12,23,321	50,555	4,893	14,48,986	25,36,233	10,84,334	71,151	2,626	13,35,628	23,16,738
30.	Off-balance sheet items		9,97,023	-	-	40,733		7,08,482	-	-	26,257
31.	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					35,35,834					33,32,242
32.	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					114.80%					119.26%



		Not Stabl	e Funding P	atio (State F	ank of India	- Standalor	e)				(₹ in Crore)
		Net Stabl		an as on 30.0		- Standalor	e)	Desitie	on as on 30.0	6 0000	
		Universite					Unuela				
NS	-R Components			by residual n	haturity	- Weighted			by residual n	haturity	- Weighted
		No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value	No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value
ASI	Item										
1)	Capital: (2+3)	-	-	-	3,85,784	3,85,784	-	-	-	3,61,457	3,61,457
2)	Regulatory capital	-	-	-	3,85,784	3,85,784	-	-	-	3,61,457	3,61,457
3)	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4)	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	13,78,045	4,57,887	5,30,244	4,82,229	26,07,093	13,59,636	4,75,465	4,99,039	4,58,707	25,56,346
5)	Stable deposits	4,25,920	1,44,852	1,71,129	1,28,671	8,27,044	4,15,612	1,51,275	1,63,642	1,25,165	8,12,909
6)	Less stable deposits	9,52,125	3,13,035	3,59,115	3,53,558	17,80,049	9,44,024	3,24,190	3,35,397	3,33,542	17,43,437
7)	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	2,35,527	3,40,119	3,21,597	3,46,648	7,69,841	2,25,713	3,02,308	2,77,799	3,49,829	7,26,23
8)	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9)	Other wholesale funding	2,35,527	3,40,119	3,21,597	3,46,648	7,69,841	2,25,713	3,02,308	2,77,799	3,49,829	7,26,230
10)	Other liabilities: (11+12)	8,59,165	1,15,311	29,604	20,253	-	8,69,063	1,26,989	22,232	27,228	
11)	NSFR derivative liabilities	-	-	-	1,375			-	-	1044	
12)	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	8,59,165	1,15,311	29,604	18,878	-	8,69,063	1,26,989	22,232	26,184	
13)	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					37,62,718					36,44,03
RSF	Item										
14)	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					74,248					70,509
15)	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	25,365	35,976	-	3,852	32,597	20,710	28,188	-	2,994	25,946
16)	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	5,846	7,47,776	2,50,280	6,79,668	9,25,216	5,065	6,69,303	2,59,689	7,22,037	9,17,080
17)	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	715	-	-	72	-	2,170	-	-	217
18)	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	1,17,568	-	-	17,635	-	1,21,304	-	-	18,196
19)	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	6,29,493	2,50,280	3,35,109	6,57,707	-	5,45,829	2,59,689	3,62,048	6,38,09
20)	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	3,35,109	2,17,821	-	-	-	3,62,048	2,35,33
21)	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	2,40,210	1,56,137	-	-	-	2,48,596	1,61,58
22)	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	2,40,210	1,56,137	-	-	-	2,48,596	1,61,58
23)	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	5,846	-	-	1,04,349	93,665	5,065	-	-	1,11,393	98,990
24)	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	10,07,704	66,025	1,496	12,54,587	21,61,605	9,62,596	82,322	5,081	11,85,450	20,43,092
25)	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				
26)	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		-	-	-	1,091		-	-	-	1,041
27)	NSFR derivative assets		1,777	-	-	1,777		417	-	-	417
28)	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		4,756	1,031	2,643	8,430		5,177	315	1,794	7,285
29)	All other assets not included in the above categories	10,07,704	59,492	465	12,51,944	21,50,307	9,62,596	76,728	4,766	11,83,656	20,34,349
30)	Off-balance sheet items		6,95,602	-	-	25,569		6,61,229	-	-	23,88
31)	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					32,19,235					30,80,51
32)	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					116.88%					118.29%

In accordance with RBI guidelines vide circular No. RBI/2017-18/178, DBR.BP.BC.No.106/21.04.098/2017-18 dated 17th May 2018, the quarter end observations are presented in the template above. The ASF items pertaining to Capital have been reclassified to align with extent regulatory guidelines.

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Bank's NSFR comes to 114.80% as at the end of the quarter Q4 (FY 2022-23) and is above the minimum regulatory requirement of 100% set out in the RBI guidelines effective from 1st October 2021. As on 31st March 2023, the Available Stable Funding (ASF) position stood at ₹40,59,290 Crore and Required Stable Funding (RSF) position stood at ₹35,35,834 Crore. There was an increase in the values of total ASF and RSF as on 31st March 2023 over 31st December 2022. ASF is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered for the NSFR. RSF of a specific institution is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that institution as well as those of its Off-Balance Sheet (OBS) exposures.

Liquidity Management in the Bank is driven by Bank's ALM Policy and regulatory prescriptions. The Domestic and International Treasuries are reporting to the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO). ALCO has been empowered by the Bank's Board to formulate the funding strategies to ensure that the funding sources are well diversified and is consistent with the operational requirements of the Bank. All major decisions of ALCO are being reported to the Bank's Board periodically. In addition to daily/monthly LCR reporting, Bank prepares daily Structural Liquidity Statements to assess the liquidity needs of the Bank on an ongoing basis.

The Bank has been maintaining HQLA mainly in the form of SLR investments over and above the mandatory requirements. Retail deposits constitute major portion of total funding sources, which are well diversified. Management is of the view that the Bank has got sufficient liquidity to meet its immediate/likely future short-term requirements.

ii) Consolidated Net Stable Funding Ratio

The RBI guidelines stipulated the implementation of NSFR at a consolidated level from December 2021 quarter and accordingly, NSFR has been computed at Group level.

The entities covered in the Group NSFR are SBI and seven Overseas Banking Subsidiaries. Commercial Indo Bank LLC, Moscow, Nepal SBI Bank Ltd., State Bank of India (California), SBI Canada Bank, State Bank of India (Mauritius) Ltd, PT Bank SBI Indonesia and State Bank of India (UK) Ltd.

SBI Group NSFR comes to 115.03% as on 31st March 2023 which is above the minimum regulatory requirement of 100%.

Available stable funding (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The Required stable funding (RSF) of a specific group is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that group as well as those of its Off-Balance Sheet (OBS) exposures.



		NET STA	BLE FUNDI	NG RATIO (S	State Bank o	f India Grou	o)				(₹ in Crore)
	Statements for the Quarter ending			L st March 20				31 st	December 2	022	
		Unweig		ov residual n	-		Unweid		by residual m		
NS	FR Components	No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	- Weighted value	No	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	- Weighted value
ASI	Item							inentite			
L)	Capital: (2+3)	7,887	-	-	4,16,562	4,24,449	7,575	-	-	4,05,662	4,13,237
2)	Regulatory capital	7,887	-	-	4,09,203	4,17,090	7,575	-	-	3,97,871	4,05,445
ý 3)	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	7,360	7,360	-	-	-	7,791	7,791
, I)	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	14,82,779	4,88,568	5,20,923	5,85,550	28,15,852	14,95,103	4,89,493	5,42,242	5,27,538	27,95,324
5)	Stable deposits	4,29,694	1,57,660	1,69,851	1,59,067	8,70,459	4,51,118	1,57,251	1,76,900	1,42,429	8,81,314
<u>6)</u>	Less stable deposits	10,53,085	3,30,908	3,51,072	4,26,483	19,45,393	10,43,984	3,32,242	3,65,342	3,85,110	19,14,010
')	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	3,02,846	3,97,657	2,50,298	4,52,148	8,69,554	2,48,531	3,77,202	2,57,621	3,86,008	8,15,740
3)	Less stable non-maturity deposits and term deposits with residual maturity of less than one year provided by retail and small business customers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9)	Other wholesale funding	3,02,846	3,97,657	2,50,298	4,52,148	8,69,554	2,48,531	3,77,202	2,57,621	3,86,008	8,15,740
.0)	Other liabilities: (11+12)	7,81,201	1,13,463	34,591	34,103	-	7,68,690	98,294	37,431	22,051	-
1)	NSFR derivative liabilities	-	25	-	330	-	-	-	-	93	-
.2)	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	7,81,201	1,13,438	34,591	33,773	-	7,68,690	98,294	37,431	21,958	-
L3)	· · ·	25,74,713	9,99,688	8,05,811	14,88,363	41,09,855	25,19,898	9,64,990	8,37,295	13,41,259	40,24,301
RSF	Item										
4)	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	8,881	3,202	766	2,547	75,376	9,202	3,405	328	2,826	72,321
5)	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	14,139	37,512	1,527	2,385	27,782	21,371	27,220	1,024	3,258	26,437
.6)	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	5,360	6,79,577	2,67,873	6,53,836	8,77,764	5,637	6,67,386	2,76,526	6,88,088	9,11,509
.7)	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	7,406	-	-	741	-	3,996	-	-	400
8)	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions		1,32,352	-	-	19,853	-	1,06,567	-	-	15,985
.9)	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:		5,39,819	2,67,873	3,04,722	6,01,927	-	5,56,823	2,76,526	3,18,485	6,23,706
20)	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk	-	171	-	3,04,629	1,98,120	-	178	-	3,18,413	2,07,084
1)	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	2,50,781	1,67,104	-	-	-	2,59,545	1,73,079
2)	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	2,44,066	1,62,739	-	-	-	2,53,570	1,69,196
3)	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	5,360	-	-	98,333	88,139	5,637	-	-	1,10,058	98,340
4)	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	12,23,630	52,692	6,391	14,58,701	25,50,991	10,84,649	74,292	4,335	13,44,601	23,31,979
5)	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6)	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs	-	-	-	-	1,098	-	-	-	-	1,103
7)	NSFR derivative assets	-	38	-	-	47	-	1,060	-	-	1,068
8)	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	-	1,752	1,099	2,886	5,737	-	1,636	1,483	2,988	6,107
9)	All other assets not included in the above categories	12,23,630	50,903	5,293	14,55,815	25,44,108	10,84,649	71,597	2,851	13,41,613	23,23,702
0)		-	9,98,564	-	-	40,935	-	7,10,010	-	-	26,493
:1)	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					35,72,847					33,68,739
32)	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					115.03%					119.46%

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

NSH-HCamponents No < 6 6			NET STA		NG BATIO (State Bank o	f India Grou	2)				(₹ in Crore)
Unweighted value by residual maturity months Unweighted value by residual maturity months Unweighted value by residual maturity value Unweighted value by residual maturity months Unweighted value by residual maturity value Unweighted value by residual maturity months Unweighted value by residual maturity value Unweig		Statements for the Quarter ending	NET STA					5)	3	0 th lune 202	2	
NSFR Components No c 6 months b c 1yr Weighted numbri No c 6 months is to 1yr b 2 yr Weighted numbri No c 6 months is to 1yr b 2 yr k 1 yr k 1 yr k 1 yr		Statements for the Quarter ending	Unweic		· ·			Unweic				
ASF Item mature mature <thmature< th=""> <thmature< th=""> <thmature< <="" th=""><th>NS</th><th>FR Components</th><th>No</th><th>< 6</th><th>6 months</th><th></th><th>-</th><th>No</th><th>< 6</th><th>6 months</th><th></th><th>- Weighted value</th></thmature<></thmature<></thmature<>	NS	FR Components	No	< 6	6 months		-	No	< 6	6 months		- Weighted value
D Operate (2+3) 6,753 - 3,94,596 4,01,308 6,686 - 3,80,800 3,76,753 3,80,984 6,666 - 5,80,203 3,80,894 6,666 - 5,80,203 3,80,894 6,666 - 6,673 5,80,203 3,80,984 6,666 - 6,673 5,80,203 3,80,984 6,666 - 6,673 5,80,203 5,80,803 4,80,494 4,80,495 4,80,495 4,80,495 4,80,497 5,80,217 4,80,804 7,80,803 4,80,495 4,20,427 1,51,8224 1,66,366 1,26,666 82,768 3,80,804 3,23,551 1,73,114 4,90,475 2,27,392 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,48,287 7,23,33 3,24,214 3,21,41 3,46,648 7,73,063 2,27,392 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,49,284 7,23,34 3,44,51 5,25,76 3,40,227 7,23,34 3,44,51 2,58,58 6,70,706 1,00,227 2,23,22 2,44,62 3,60,123 4,72,74 3,40,234 4,21,77 1,83 2,52,122	A.C.I	- Norm	maturity	months	to < 1yr			maturity	months	to < 1yr	-	
2) Regulatory capital 6,753 - - 3,07,831 3,943,94 6,665 - - 3,62,23 5,69,25 - - 6,657 6,677 7,50,68 2,73,783 3,24,94 3,46,46 7,73,063 2,27,373 3,46,227 7,23,45 3,45,245 1,45,757 1,53 1,50 7,27,353 2,27,352 3,46,252 2,27,352 3,46,252 2,21,73 2,46,653			6 750			2.04.556	4 01 200	0.000			2 60 000	0.76.576
3) Other capital instruments - - 6.825 6.925 - - 6.857 6.857 9) Retail doposits and doposits from small busines 13,94,631 4,63,638 5,04,805 12,918.3 8,43,469 4,24,249 1,66,365 5,03,227 4,59,211 25,580.27 9) Balled doposits 6,71.09 1,73,889 1,23,124 3,46,459 4,24,499 1,46,770 3,38,61 3,53,545 7,557 7) Molesale funding (19-9) 2,37,633 3,42,314 3,22,741 3,46,649 7,73,063 2,27,392 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,49,829 7,23,47 10) Other wholesale funding 2,37,633 3,42,314 3,22,741 3,46,649 7,73,063 2,27,392 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,49,829 7,23,4 10) Other wholesale funding 2,37,633 3,42,314 3,22,741 3,46,649 7,70,063 2,27,242 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,49,829 7,23,4 11) NEPT derivalive liabilities and equity not included in the above analysis 6,80,269 1,18,178 2,80,447 1,338 8,252 <	<u> </u>	· · · /						-	-			
4) Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers (54-6) 13,94,631 463,638 53,4836 4,82,653 13,74,482 4,81,599 5,03,217 4,58,211 25,86,22 5) Stable deposits 9,77,692 31,56,48 30,0447 33,3645 1,74,224 1,66,366 1,25,666 8,27,64 6) test stable deposits 9,77,692 3,16,568 30,0447 33,3645 3,33,445 1,74,224 1,66,366 1,25,666 8,27,64 7) Wholesale funding (1+9) 2,37,633 3,42,314 3,23,741 3,46,648 7,73,063 2,27,392 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,48,829 7,28,34 9) Other wholesale funding (1+12) 8,60,924 1,18,778 2,96,04 2,07,06 8,70,076 1,30,825 2,22,32 2,74,69 10) NoFF dehrwine liabilities and squity not included in the solo (8,60,599 1,13,578 2,50,04 2,07,07 1,30,425 2,22,22 2,74,07 3,62,81 11 NoFF dehrwine liabilities and squity not included in the solo (8,60,599 1,14,578 2,50,04 <td></td> <td>· · · ·</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>		· · · ·		-	-			0,000	-	-		
cutomeris: (5+6) view		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4 62 629	5 24 926			12 74 462	4 91 500	5 02 217		
6) Less stable deposits 9.57.592 3.15.898 3.60.947 3.53.558 17.88.194 9.49.475 3.27.376 3.36.861 3.33.845 17.52.55 7) Molesale funding: (8+9) 2.37.333 3.42.314 3.24.648 7.73.063 2.27.392 3.04.676 2.79.876 3.49.829 7.28.34 9) Other wholesale funding 2.37.633 3.42.314 3.23.741 3.46.648 7.73.063 2.27.392 3.04.676 2.75.976 3.49.829 7.28.34 9) Other wholesale funding 2.37.633 3.42.314 3.23.741 3.46.648 7.73.063 2.27.992 3.04.676 2.76.976 3.49.829 7.28.34 10) Other wholesale funding 2.37.633 3.42.314 3.23.644 2.07.653 1.30.825 2.2.232 2.64.64 11) NSFR derivative liabilities 1.18.78 2.96.04 1.9.331 - 8.7.053 1.30.825 2.2.232 2.64.64 12) Aldother fibrilities 3.23.54 1.64.55 1.44.7 2.4.500 8.67.024 1.7.04 2.4.7.80 8.60.825 2.6.1.37 7.49.40	4)		13,94,031	4,03,038	5,54,650	4,02,741	20,32,033	13,74,402	4,01,399	5,05,217	4,55,211	23,80,202
7) Modesale funding: (1+9) 2.37,633 3.42.31 3.23,741 3.46,648 7.73.063 2.27,392 3.04,676 2.79,97 3.49,829 7.29,34 8) Less stable non-maturity deposits and term deposits with residual maturity of less than one year provide with residual maturity of less than one qual provide with residual maturity of less than one qual provide with residual maturity of less than one qual provide with residual maturity of less than one qual provide with residual maturithy of less than one qualu provide with residual maturity	5)	Stable deposits	4,37,039	1,47,740	1,73,889	1,29,183	8,43,459	4,24,987	1,54,224	1,66,366	1,25,666	8,27,681
9) Less stable non-matury deposits and neury of geosits and neury of geosi	6)	Less stable deposits	9,57,592	3,15,898	3,60,947	3,53,558	17,89,194	9,49,475	3,27,376	3,36,851	3,33,545	17,52,521
with residual maturity of less than one year provided by retail and small busines customers 9) Other wholesale funding 2,37,633 3,42,314 3,24,214 3,46,648 7,73,063 2,27,392 3,04,676 2,79,976 3,49,297 7,29,44 10) Other liabilities (11+12) 8,60,924 1,18,578 29,604 10,375 1,153 2 1,04 12) All their liabilities and equity not included in the above categories 8,60,599 1,18,578 29,604 13,331 - 8,70,553 1,30,825 22,232 26,446 13) Total ASF (1+4+7+10) 24,99,941 9,24,530 8,80,181 12,44,650 38,07,024 24,79,246 9,17.098 8,65,426 2,62,17 7,040 14) Total ASF (1+4+7+10) 24,99,941 9,24,530 8,81,181 12,44,650 38,07,024 24,79,246 9,17.098 8,65,426 2,62,17 7,040 15) Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes 5,846 7,52,626 2,52,110 7,06,528 9,51,134 5,065 6,74,295 2,61,937 7,49,905 9,42,51 1,149,419 9,42,51	7)	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	2,37,633	3,42,314	3,23,741	3,46,648	7,73,063	2,27,392	3,04,676	2,79,976	3,49,829	7,29,347
10 Other labilities: (11+12) 8,60,924 1,18,578 29,604 20,706 - 8,70,706 1,30,825 22,232 27,490 11 NSFR derivative labilities and quity not included in the above categories 325 - - 1,375 - 153 - 1,044 21 All other labilities and quity not included in the above categories 80,0599 1,18,78 28,604 19,331 - 8,70,505 1,30,825 22,232 26,446 21 All other labilities and quity not included in the above categories 24,99,941 9,24,530 8,88,181 12,44,650 38,07,024 24,79,246 9,17,098 8,05,426 12,06,420 38,68,181 210 Deposits held at other financial institutions for posterional purposes 25,767 35,976 9,12 38,82 33,254 21,173 28,188 583 2,994 26,477 17) Performing loans and securities: 5,846 7,52,626 2,52,110 3,36,413 5,605 6,74,295 2,61,937 7,49,905 9,42,51 17) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by roming loans to financial institutions 5,846 <	8)	with residual maturity of less than one year provided	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11) NSFR derivative liabilities 325 - 1,375 - 163 - 1,044 12) All other liabilities and equity not included in the above 8,60,599 1,18,578 29,604 19,331 - 8,70,553 1,30,825 22,223 28,446 13) Total ASF (1+4+7+10) 24,99,941 9,24,530 8,88,181 12,44,650 38,07,024 24,79,246 9,17,099 8,05,426 12,06,420 36,86,127 14) Total ASF (1+4+7+10) 24,99,941 9,24,530 8,88,181 12,44,650 38,07,024 24,79,246 9,17,099 8,05,426 12,06,420 36,86,127 14) Total ASF (1+4+7+10) 24,99,941 9,24,530 38,576 912 3,852 33,254 21,173 28,188 563 2,949 26,473 17) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA 7,15 - 72 2,170 - 1,855 18) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to reali and simults and pereschichehete - 1,79,79 <	9)	Other wholesale funding	2,37,633	3,42,314	3,23,741	3,46,648	7,73,063	2,27,392	3,04,676	2,79,976	3,49,829	7,29,347
12) All other liabilities and equity not included in the above 8,60,599 1,18,578 29,604 19,331 - 8,70,553 1,30,825 22,232 26,446 13) Total ASF (1+4+7+10) 24,99,941 9,24,530 8,88,181 12,44,650 38,07,024 24,79,246 9,17,099 8,05,426 12,06,420 36,86,127 RSF Item 6,778 1,645 1,144 2,540 74,784 4,467 1,338 825 2,617 71,04 15) Deposits financial institutions for operational purposes 5,846 7,52,626 2,52,110 7,08,528 9,51,134 5,065 6,74,295 2,61,937 7,49,905 9,42,51 17) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-tevel 1 HQLA 7,15 72 2,170 2,170 18,56 18) Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: 6,32,050 2,52,110 3,36,413 6,60,746 5,48,415 2,61,937 3,62,979 6,41,10 19) Performing loans to non-financial institutions secured by non-tevel 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: 2,64,050	10)	· · ·		1,18,578	29,604	· · ·	-		1,30,825	22,232		-
Categories Categories <thcategories< th=""> Categories Categori</thcategories<>	11)			-		1,375	-				1,044	-
RSF Item Image: Second Se	12)		8,60,599	1,18,578	29,604	19,331	-	8,70,553	1,30,825	22,232	26,446	-
14) Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) 6,778 1,645 1,144 2,540 74,784 4,467 1,338 825 2,617 71,04 15) Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes 25,767 35,976 912 3,852 33,254 21,173 28,188 583 2,994 26,47 16) Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23) 5,846 7,52,626 2,52,110 7,08,528 9,51,134 5,065 6,74,295 2,61,337 7,49,905 9,42,51 17) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA - 715 - - 72 - 2,170 - - 217 18) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA - 1,19,861 - - 17,979 - 1,23,710 - 18,56 19) Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PS5s, of which: - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,72,916 1,81,42 21) Performing residential motrgage, of which	13)	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)	24,99,941	9,24,530	8,88,181	12,44,650	38,07,024	24,79,246	9,17,099	8,05,426	12,06,420	36,86,125
15) Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes 25,767 35,976 912 3,852 33,254 21,173 28,188 583 2.994 26,47 16) Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23) 5,846 7,52,626 2,52,110 7,08,528 9,51,134 5,065 6,74,295 2,61,937 7,49,905 9,42,51 17) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions secured by - 1,19,861 - 72 - 2,170 - - 123,710 - - 123,710 - - 18,55 19) Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovergings, central banks and PSEs, of which: - - 2,21,659 - 2 - 3,62,912 2,35,857 19) Performing residential mortgages, of which: - - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,72,916 1,81,42 20) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,72,916 1,81,42 <t< td=""><td>RSF</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	RSF											
operational purposes 16) Performing loans and securities: (17181H921+23) 5,846 7,52,626 2,52,110 7,08,528 9,51,134 5,065 6,74,295 2,61,937 7,49,905 9,42,51 17) Performing loans and securities: (ur181H921+23) - - 72 2,170 - - 21 18) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions - 1,19,861 - - 17,979 - 1,23,710 - - 18,55 19) Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans- to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: - - 2,28,659 - 2 - 3,62,912 2,35,85 21) Performing residential mortgages, of which: - - 2,65,530 1,76,71 - - 2,72,916 1,81,422 22) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - 2,66,530 1,76,71 - 2,27,916 1,81,422	14)		-									71,043
(17+18+19+21+23) 17) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA 715 - 72 2,170 - 21 18) Performing loans to financial institutions secured by fon-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions 1,19,861 - - 1,7979 1,23,710 - - 1,855 19) Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: - 6,32,050 2,52,110 3,36,413 6,60,746 - 5,48,415 2,61,937 3,62,979 6,41,10 20) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,68,747 1,78,71 21) Performing residential mortgages, of which: - - 2,61,937 3,62,979 1,18,427 22) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - - 2,61,992 1,78,787 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as fault and on tot qualify as fault and on tot qualify as fault and do not	15)	•	25,767	35,976	912	3,852	33,254	21,173	28,188	583	2,994	26,470
Level 1 HQLA Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQL and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions 1,19,861 - 17,979 1,23,710 - 18,55 19) Performing loans to onon- financial corporate clients, to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: - 6,32,050 2,52,110 3,36,413 6,60,746 - 5,48,415 2,61,937 3,62,979 6,41,10 20) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,72,916 1,81,42 21) Performing loans to financial unstitutions secured by the firsk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,72,916 1,81,42 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as and consts to default and do not qualify as and controbutions to default fund gold - - - - - 1,267,983 9,62,908 82,835 5,424 11,91,237 20,50,044 24) Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29) 10,08,153 66,31	16)	-	5,846	7,52,626	2,52,110	7,08,528	9,51,134	5,065	6,74,295	2,61,937	7,49,905	9,42,516
non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions 19) Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: - 6,32,050 2,52,110 3,36,413 6,60,746 - 5,48,415 2,61,937 3,62,979 6,41,10 20) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - 72 - 3,36,325 2,18,659 - 2 - 3,62,912 2,35,85 21) Performing residential mortgages, of which: - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,26,8,77 1,78,71 22) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - 1,06,585 95,566 5,065 - 1,14,010 1,01,21 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities 5,846 - - 1,267,983 9,62,908 82,835 5,424 1,91,237 20,50,044 25) Physical traded commodities, including gold - - - - - - -	17)		-	715	-	-	72	-	2,170	-	-	217
Ioans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: 72 3,36,325 2,18,659 2 2 3,62,912 2,358 20) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - 2,26,530 1,76,771 - - 2,2,2,916 1,81,42 21) Performing residential mortgages, of which: - - 2,26,530 1,76,771 - - 2,268,747 1,78,71 22) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - 2,261,092 1,73,887 - - 2,268,747 1,78,71 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities 5,846 - 1,06,585 95,566 5,065 - 1,14,010 1,01,21 24) Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29) 10,08,153 66,319 1,797 12,59,942 21,67,983 9,62,908 82,835 5,424 1,91,237 20,500 25) Physical traded commodities, including gold - - - 1,207 28 - - 1,006 27) NSFR derivative lassets - 1,777<	18)	non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to	-	1,19,861	-	-	17,979	-	1,23,710	-	-	18,557
the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk 21) Performing residential mortgages, of which: - - 2,65,530 1,76,771 - - 2,72,916 1,81,422 With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as 5,846 - 1,06,585 95,566 5,065 - 1,14,010 1,01,21 Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6"Colspan="6">Colspan="6"Colspan="6"Colspan="6">Colspan="6"Colspan=	19)	loans to retail and small business customers, and loans	-	6,32,050	2,52,110	3,36,413	6,60,746	-	5,48,415	2,61,937	3,62,979	6,41,102
22) With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk - - 2,61,092 1,73,887 - - 2,68,747 1,78,71 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities 5,846 - - 1,06,585 95,566 5,065 - - 1,14,010 1,01,21 24) Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29) 10,08,153 66,319 1,797 12,59,942 21,67,983 9,62,908 82,835 5,424 11,91,237 20,50,042 25) Physical traded commodities, including gold - 1,000 - - - - - - - - 1,000 -	20)		-	72	-	3,36,325	2,18,659	-	2	-	3,62,912	2,35,894
the Basel II Standardized Approach for credit risk 23) Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities 5,846 - 1,06,585 95,566 5,065 - - 1,14,010 1,01,21 24) Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29) 10,08,153 66,319 1,797 12,59,942 21,67,983 9,62,908 82,835 5,424 11,91,237 20,50,04 25) Physical traded commodities, including gold - 1,06 - - - - - 1,06 - - 1,06 - - - 1,06 - - - 1,06 -	21)	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	2,65,530	1,76,771	-	-	-	2,72,916	1,81,425
HQLA, including exchange-traded equities 24) Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29) 10,08,153 66,319 1,777 12,59,942 21,67,983 9,62,908 82,835 5,424 11,91,237 20,50,04 25) Physical traded commodities, including gold - 1,000 - <td>22)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,61,092</td> <td>1,73,887</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,68,747</td> <td>1,78,716</td>	22)		-	-	-	2,61,092	1,73,887	-	-	-	2,68,747	1,78,716
25) Physical traded commodities, including gold - 410 - - - 411 - - - 411 - - - 411 - - - 411 - - - 412 - - 5107 315 1,794 7,285 - - 5,107 31	23)		5,846	-	-	1,06,585	95,566	5,065	-	-	1,14,010	1,01,214
26) Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs 136 - - 1,207 28 - - 1,007 27) NSFR derivative assets - 1,777 - - 1,777 1 417 - - 417 28) NSFR derivative assets - 1,777 - - 1,777 1 417 - - 417 28) NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted 2 4,756 1,031 2,643 8,432 - 5,177 315 1,794 7,285 29) All other assets not included in the above categories 10,08,014 59,787 766 12,57,298 21,56,567 9,62,879 77,241 5,109 11,89,444 20,41,27 30) Off-balance sheet items - 6,97,535 - 25,857 - 6,62,872 - - 24,142 31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) 32,53,011 32,53,011 31,1421 31,1421	24)	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	10,08,153	66,319	1,797	12,59,942	21,67,983	9,62,908	82,835	5,424	11,91,237	20,50,043
and contributions to default funds of CCPs 27) NSFR derivative assets - 1,777 - - 1,777 1 417 - - 417 28) NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted 2 4,756 1,031 2,643 8,432 - 5,177 315 1,794 7,282 29) All other assets not included in the above categories 10,08,014 59,787 766 12,57,298 21,56,567 9,62,879 77,241 5,109 11,89,444 20,41,27 30) Off-balance sheet items - 6,97,535 - - 25,857 - 6,62,872 - - 24,142 31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) - - 32,53,011 - - 31,1421	25)	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28) NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted 2 4,756 1,031 2,643 8,432 - 5,177 315 1,794 7,282 29) All other assets not included in the above categories 10,08,014 59,787 766 12,57,298 21,56,567 9,62,879 77,241 5,109 11,89,444 20,41,27 30) Off-balance sheet items - 6,97,535 - - 25,857 - 6,62,872 - 24,14 31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) 32,53,011 32,53,011 31,14,21 31,14,21	26)		136	-	-	-	1,207	28	-	-	-	1,065
margin posted 29) All other assets not included in the above categories 10,08,014 59,787 766 12,57,298 21,56,567 9,62,879 77,241 5,109 11,89,444 20,41,27 30) Off-balance sheet items - 6,97,535 - - 25,857 - 6,62,872 - 24,14 31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) 32,53,011 32,53,011 31,14,21	27)	NSFR derivative assets	-	1,777	-	-	1,777	1	417	-	-	418
29) All other assets not included in the above categories 10,08,014 59,787 766 12,57,298 21,56,567 9,62,879 77,241 5,109 11,89,444 20,41,27 30) Off-balance sheet items - 6,97,535 - - 25,857 - 6,62,872 - 24,14 31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) 32,53,011 32,53,011 31,14,21	28)		2	4,756	1,031	2,643	8,432	-	5,177	315	1,794	7,286
31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) 32,53,011 31,14,21	29)		10,08,014	59,787	766	12,57,298	21,56,567	9,62,879	77,241	5,109	11,89,444	20,41,275
31) Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) 32,53,011 31,14,21	30)	Off-balance sheet items	-	6,97,535	-	-	25,857	-	6,62,872	-	-	24,147
32) Net Stable Funding Ratio (%) 117.03%	31)	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					32,53,011					31,14,218
	32)	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					117.03%					118.36%

In accordance with RBI guidelines vide circular No. RBI/2017-18/178, DBR.BP.BC.No.106/21.04.098/2017-18 dated 17th May 2018, the quarter end observations are presented. The ASF items pertaining to capital have been reclassified to align with the extant regulatory guidelines.

Composition of investment portfolio: a)

Current Year

			드	Investments In India	lia				Investments outside India	utside India		Whole Bank
Composition of Investments as at 31st March 2023	Government Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries &/or Joint Ventures	Others	Total investments in India	Government Securities (including Local Authorities)	Subsidiaries &/ or Joint Ventures	Others	Total investments outside India	Total Investments
Held to Maturity												
Gross	9,20,090.06	•	8.00	31,374.37	6,283.10	1,645.38	9,59,400.91	804.03	5,680.22	133.90	6,618.15	9,66,019.06
Less: Provision for non- performing investments (NPI)			8.00		42.87		50.87		•	6.66	6.66	57.53
Net	9,20,090.06	•	•	31,374.37	6,240.23	1,645.38	9,59,350.04	804.03	5,680.22	127.24	6,611.49	9,65,961.53
Available for Sale												
Gross	3,21,270.14	•	15,023.56	1,86,512.77	7,810.00	34,457.85	5,65,074.32	29,703.87		26,886.83	56,590.70	6,21,665.02
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	2,701.98		976.66	4,494.37		7,026.91	15,199.92	448.70		1,323.35	1,772.05	16,971.97
Net	3,18,568.17	•	14,046.90	1,82,018.40	7,810.00	27,430.94	5,49,874.40	29,255.17	•	25,563.48	54,818.65	6,04,693.05
Held for Trading												
Gross	(326.93) [@]	•	40.99				(285.94)				•	(285.94)
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	2.37	1	0.04				2.41				•	2.41
Net	(329.30)	•	40.95		•	•	(288.35)		•	•	•	(288.35)
Total Investments												
Gross	12,41,033.27		15,072.55	2,17,887.14	14,093.10	36,103.23	15,24,189.29	30,507.90	5,680.22	27,020.73	63,208.85	15,87,398.14
Less: Provision for non- performing investments (NPI)*		ı	741.17	2,325.38	ı		3,066.55	·		1	•	3,066.55
Less: Provision for depreciation*	2,704.35		243.53	2,168.99	42.87	7,026.91	12,186.65	448.70		1,330.01	1,778.71	13,965.36
Net	12,38,328.92	•	14,087.85	2,13,392.77	14,050.23	29,076.32	15,08,936.09	30,059.20	5,680.22	25,690.72	61,430.14	15,70,366.23

ncludes LICHA

[@] Short sale



Previous Year

												(₹ in Crore)
			F	Investments In India	dia				Investments outside India	ttside India		Whole Bank
Composition of Investments as at 31st March 2022	Government Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries and/or Joint Ventures	Others	Total investments in India	Government Securities (including Local Authorities)	Subsidiaries and/or Joint Ventures	Others	Total investments outside India	Total Investments
Held to Maturity												
Gross	8,33,382.82	•	8.00	33,741.28	6,205.26	1,490.06	8,74,827.42	794.14	5,028.44	133.94	5,956.52	8,80,783.94
Less: Provision for non- performing investments (NPI)	•		8.00		2.87	•	10.87			1	•	10.87
Net	8,33,382.82	.	•	33,741.28	6,202.39	1,490.06	8,74,816.55	794.14	5,028.44	133.94	5,956.52	8,80,773.07
Available for Sale												
Gross	3,29,274.86		13,770.82	1,84,479.80	7,810.00	29,951.22	5,65,286.72	18,967.40		28,613.65	47,581.06	6,12,867.75
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI			1,356.19	2,416.66		7,859.04	11,631.89	32.61		65.58	98.19	11,730.08
Net	3,29,274.86		12,414.63	1,82,063.14	7,810.00	22,092.19	5,53,654.81	18,934.79	•	28,548.07	47,482.86	6,01,137.67
Held for Trading												
Gross	(475.04) [@]		9.77			•	(465.27)				•	(465.27)
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI						•	•			1	•	•
Net	(475.04)	.	9.77			•	(465.27)			•	•	(465.27)
Total Investments												
Gross	11,62,182.64	•	13,788.59	2,18,221.08	14,015.26	31,441.28	14,39,648.85	19,761.54	5,028.44	28,747.59	53,537.57	14,93,186.42
Less: Provision for non- performing investments (NPI)*		ı	1,197.31	879.00			2,076.31			56.34	56.34	2,132.65
Less: Provision for depreciation*		ı	166.88	1,537.66	2.87	7,859.04	9,566.45	32.61		9.24	41.85	9,608.30
Net	11,62,182.64		12,424.40	2,15,804.42	14,012.39	23,582.24	14,28,006.09	19,728.93	5,028.44	28,682.01	53,439.38	14,81,445.47
* includes LICRA												

@ Short sale

SCHEDULES

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023



- i. Securities of a face value of ₹2,19,371.58 Crore (Previous Year ₹2,14,612.86 Crore) are kept as margin with Clearing Corporation of India Limited (CCIL)/NSCCL/MCX/ NSEIL/BSE towards Securities Settlement.
- ii. State Bank Operations Support Services Pvt. Ltd. has been incorporated on 26th July 2022 as a wholly-owned subsidiary. The Company provides operation support services for Agriculture/MSME and other Micro Loans including activities permissible to business correspondents, to the Bank which will help to improve the customer connect and business focus of the branches of Bank. Amount invested is ₹10.00 Crore.
- iii. During the year ended 31st March 2023, Bank has acquired additional 13.82% (₹67.84 Crore) stake in SBI Global Factors Limited making it as wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank.
- iv. During the year ended 31st March 2023, Bank has acquired additional 40.00% stake in Commercial Indo Bank LLC, Moscow making it as wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank. Amount invested during the year is ₹121.44 Crore.
- v. During the year ended 31st March 2023, Bank has infused an additional capital of ₹530.49 Crore in PT Bank SBI Indonesia, a subsidiary. Consequently, Bank's stake has increased from 99.34% to 99.56%.
- vi. During the year ended 31st March 2023, Bank's stake in Jio Payments Bank Ltd., a joint venture, has reduced from 30.00% to 23.02% as Bank did not participate in the right issue of equity shares offered by the Company.
- vii. During the year ended 31st March 2023, Yes Bank Ltd., an associate, has allotted 369,61,55,702 equity shares on preferential basis to other investors. Consequently, Bank's stake has reduced from 30.00% to 26.14%.
- viii. During the year ended 31st March 2023, Bank invested an additional investment of ₹1.14 Crore (of which ₹0.14 Crore towards premium) in PSB Alliance Pvt. Ltd. (formerly CORDEx India Pvt. Ltd.) through private placement. Bank's stake in the Company is 8.33%.

b) Movement of provisions for Depreciation on Investments and Investment Fluctuation Reserve

i) Movement in provisions held towards depreciation on investments

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,825.22	9,198.25
Add: Provisions made during the year	6,561.52	3,440.10
Less: Provision utilised during the year	-	-
Add: Foreign Exchange revaluation adjustment	506.78	2.00
Less: Write off/Write back of excess provision during the year.	1,654.18	1,815.13
Balance at the end of the year	16,238.34	10,825.22

(Excluding LICRA)

ii) Movement of Investment Fluctuation Reserve

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening Balance	7,695.95	3,048.08
Add: Amount transferred during the year	4,575.43	4,647.87
Less: Drawdown	-	-
Closing balance	12,271.38	7,695.95
iii. Closing balance of investments in AFS and HFT category	6,13,569.08	6,00,672.40
iv. Closing balance in IFR as a percentage of closing balance of investments in AFS and HFT category	2.00%	1.28%

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

c) Sales and Transfers Of Securities To/From HTM Category

The value of sales and transfers of securities to/from HTM Category has not exceeded 5% of the book value of investment held in HTM category at the beginning of the year.

d) Non-SLR Investment Portfolio

i) Non-Performing Non-SLR Investments

Dura i a va	
ar Previous Year	C
71 5,229.52	ance
.8 185.95	ring the year
3,138.76	uring the year
2,276.71	ince
5 2.070.06	
55	ons held in respect of above

ii) Issuer composition of Non SLR Investments

The issuer composition of non-SLR investments of the Bank is given below:

										(₹ in Crore)
Sr.	Am	ount		of Private ement	Investme	of "Below ent Grade" rities*		"Unrated" rities*	Extent of Secu	"Unlisted" rities*
No.	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
i) PSUs	42,703.40	49,804.97	28,663.04	33,542.80	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Fls	1,49,308.37	1,41,044.49	84,520.37	82,006.85	145.00	345.07	-	-	-	70.00
iii) Banks	18,833.65	21,850.25	11,356.69	12,503.45	23.62	2,173.31	23.62	23.62	23.62	23.62
iv) Private Corporates	74,364.75	68,269.59	30,051.60	29,575.24	641.37	589.73	293.79	207.93	375.00	707.93
v) Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures**	19,773.32	19,043.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Others	41,381.38	30,990.78	3,712.26	2,638.17	2,878.45	5,072.38	133.67	17.31	-	-
vii) Less: Provision held towards depreciation including LICRA	14,327.56	11,740.95	44.40	-	45.04	-	67.62	56.34	-	56.34
Total	3,32,037.31	3,19,262.83	1,58,259.56	1,60,266.51	3,643.40	8,180.49	383.46	192.52	398.62	745.21

* Investments in Equity, Equity Oriented Mutual Funds, Venture Capital, Rated Assets Backed Securities, Central and State Government Securities and ARCIL are not segregated under these categories as these are exempt from rating/listing guidelines.

** Investments in Subsidiaries/Joint Ventures have not been segregated into various categories as these are not covered under relevant RBI Guidelines.



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e) Repo Transactions including Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) (in face value terms)

The details of securities sold and purchased under repos and reverse repos including LAF during the year are given below:

Current Year

Particulars	Minimum outstanding during the year	Maximum outstanding during the year	Daily Average outstanding during the year	(₹ in Crore) Outstanding as on 31 st March 2023
Securities sold under Repo				
i) Government Securities	93,497.57	2,37,396.58	1,74,620.06	1,13,511.04
ii) Corporate Debt Securities	5,529.94	10,152.71	8,519.34	8,048.12
iii) Any other Securities	-	456.39	5.51	-
Securities purchased under Reverse Repo				
i) Government Securities	530.51	2,52,034.07	27,868.78	7,395.44
ii) Corporate Debt Securities	-	100.18	1.28	-
iii) Any other Securities	-	-	-	-

Previous Year

				(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Minimum outstanding during the year	Maximum outstanding during the year	Daily Average outstanding during the year	Outstanding as on 31 st March 2022
Securities sold under Repo				
i) Government Securities	30,025.27	2,73,518.11	1,62,561.94	1,68,483.03
ii) Corporate Debt Securities	4,377.46	8,663.34	5,824.90	8,663.34
iii) Any other Securities	-	-	-	-
Securities purchased under Reverse Repo				
i) Government Securities	44.03	1,89,095.58	1,00,304.84	60,888.22
ii) Corporate Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
iii) Any other Securities	-	-	-	-

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

18.4 Asset Quality

a) Classification of Advances and provisions held

Current Year

						(₹ in Crore)
	Standard Advances	Sub- standard Advances	Doubtful Advances	Loss Advances	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
A) Opening Balance	27,06,647.54	15,453.17	68,592.40	27,977.80	1,12,023.37	28,18,670.91
B) Add: Additions during the year					18,420.64	4,90,087.13
C) Less: Reductions during the year*					39,516.23	39,516.23
Closing balance (A+B-C)	31,78,314.03	12,665.08	51,204.29	27,058.41	90,927.78	32,69,241.81
* Reduction in Gross NPAs due to:						
i) Upgradation					3,233.50	3,233.50
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					12,221.46	12,221.46
iii) Technical/Prudential Write Offs					-	-
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					24,061.27	24,061.27
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	19,972.61	4,486.76	51,401.49	27,977.80	83,866.05	1,03,838.66
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					9,190.34	14,891.38
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					23,786.86	23,786.86
Closing balance of provisions held	25,673.65 ^{\$\$}	2,551.32	39,659.80	27,058.41	69,269.53	94,943.18
Net NPAs						
Opening Balance		10,966.41	16,999.30	-	27,965.71	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					9,230.19	
Less: Reductions during the year					15,729.26	
Closing Balance		10,113.76	11,352.88	-	21,466.64 ^s	

\$ Floating provision of ₹191.61 Crore is netted to arrive at net NPA.

\$\$ Excludes additional provision held ₹7,642.38 Crore on Restructured Standard Assets over and above regulatory requirement.



Previous Year

						(₹ in Crore)
	Standard Advances	Sub- standard Advances	Doubtful Advances	Loss Advances	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
A) Opening Balance	24,13,004.26	19,590.89	81,767.26	25,030.87	1,26,389.02	25,39,393.28
B) Add: Additions during the year					25,021.23	3,18,664.51
C) Less: Reductions during the year*					39,386.88	39,386.88
Closing balance (A+B-C)	27,06,647.54	15,453.17	68,592.40	27,977.80	1,12,023.37	28,18,670.91
*Reduction in Gross NPAs due to:						
i) Upgradation					9,377.57	9,377.57
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					10,343.09	10,343.09
iii) Technical/Prudential Write-offs					-	-
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					19,666.22	19,666.22
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)					<u> </u>	
Opening balance of provisions held	15,293.98	5,758.39	58,598.43	25,030.87	89,387.69	1,04,681.67
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					14,142.96	18,821.58
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					19,664.60	19,664.60
Closing balance of provisions held	19,972.61 ^{\$\$}	4,486.76	51,401.48	27,977.80	83,866.05	1,03,838.65
Net NPAs						
Opening Balance		13,832.50	22,977.22	-	36,809.72	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					10,878.27	
Less: Reductions during the year					19,722.28	
Closing Balance		10,966.41	16,999.30	-	27,965.71 ^s	

 $\$ Floating provision of ₹ 191.61 Crore is netted to arrive at net NPA.

\$\$ Excludes additional provision held ₹ 7,912.38 Crore on Restructured Standard Assets over and above regulatory requirement.

Floating Provisions:

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening Balance	193.75	193.75
Add: Additional provisions made during the year	-	-
Less: Amount drawn down during the year	-	-
Closing balance of floating provisions	193.75	193.75

Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon:

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening balance of Technical/Prudential written-off accounts	-	-
Add: Technical/Prudential write-offs during the year	-	-
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/prudential written-off accounts during the year	-	-
Closing balance	-	-

(₹ in Crore)

SCHEDULES

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Asset Quality Ratios:

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	2.78%	3.97%
Net NPA to Net Advances	0.67%	1.02%
Provision Coverage Ratio (PCR) excluding AUCA	76.39%	75.04%
Provision Coverage Ratio (PCR) including AUCA	91.91%	90.20%

AUCA represents fully provided accounts which have been transferred to a separate head called Advance Under Collection Account amounting to ₹1,74,569.54 Crore (Previous Year ₹1,73,334.40 Crore) of these AUCA amounting to ₹7,692.70 Crore is more than 10 years old.

b) Sector-wise Advances

							(< In Crore)
			Current Year		Previous Year		
Sr. No.	Sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	% of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	% of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
Α.	Priority Sector						
1.	Agriculture & allied activities	2,56,044.09	29,587.72	11.56	2,26,323.87	30,281.87	13.38
2.	Industry sector eligible as priority sector lending	1,08,965.94	5,550.08	5.09	1,28,015.22	10,832.34	8.46
3.	Services	1,61,450.44	4,045.64	2.51	1,53,385.75	9,989.11	6.51
4.	Personal Loans	1,99,327.20	2,188.53	1.10	1,87,896.41	2,158.71	1.15
	Sub-total (A)	7,25,787.67	41,371.97	5.70	6,95,621.25	53,262.03	7.66
в.	Non-Priority Sector						
1.	Agriculture & allied activities	2,894.08	198.08	6.84	2,350.56	197.83	8.42
2.	Industry	7,51,106.55	29,716.22	3.96	6,93,310.91	40,015.00	5.77
3.	Services	8,08,091.42	14,373.75	1.78	6,10,645.37	13,279.56	2.17
4.	Personal Loans	9,81,362.09	5,267.76	0.54	8,16,742.82	5,268.95	0.65
	Sub-total (B)	25,43,454.14	49,555.81	1.95	21,23,049.66	58,761.34	2.77
C.	Total (A+B)	32,69,241.81	90,927.78	2.78	28,18,670.91	1,12,023.37	3.97

c) Overseas Assets, NPAs and Revenue

			(₹ in Crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
1.	Total Assets	6,07,517.76	5,31,255.45
2.	Total NPAs (Gross)	1,951.47	2,264.82
3.	Total Revenue	20,735.96	9,279.41



d) Resolution plan and restructuring:

i) Restructuring of advances in terms of RBI Circular DBR.No.BP.BC.45/21.04.048/2018-19 dated 7th June 2019

Asset Classification of	Current	Year	Previous Year		
assets subject to Resolution Plan & restructuring	Number of Borrower	Amount outstanding (₹ in Crore)	Number of Borrower	Amount outstanding (₹ in Crore)	
Standard	2	577	_	-	
Sub-standard	1	137	-	-	
Doubtful	6	988	8	2,690	
Total	9	1,702	8	2,690	

ii) Acquisition of shares due to conversion of debt to equity during the restructuring process:

Equity shares acquired by way of conversion of debt to equity during the restructuring process did not exceed the prescribed regulatory ceilings/restriction on capital market exposure, investment in para banking activities & intra group exposure.

iii) MSME Restructuring:

As per RBI circular no. DBR.No.BP.BC.18/21.04.048/2018-19 dated 1st January 2019, the details of restructured MSME accounts is as below:

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
No. of accounts restructured	85,738	96,464
Aggregate outstanding (₹ in Crore)	7,406.84	8,877.10

e) Divergence in asset classification and provisioning:

No disclosure on divergence in asset classification and provisioning for NPAs is required with respect to RBI's supervisory process for the year ended 31st March 2022, based on the conditions mentioned in RBI circular No. DOR. ACC.REC.No.74/21.04.018/2022-23 dated 11th October 2022.

f) Disclosure of Transfer of Loan Accounts (SMAs & NPAs) in terms of RBI Circular No. DOR.STR. REC.51/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 24th September 2021:

Transfer of Loans:

i) The details of the Non-Performing Assets transferred during the year ended 31st March 2023 is given in the table below:

Sr. No.	Particulars	To ARCs	To permitted transferees	To other transferees
a)	No of accounts	26	14	-
b)	Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred (₹ in Crore)	7,613.20	414.31	-
c)	Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred (Years)	0.29	0.02	-
d)	Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer) (₹ in Crore)	315.95	23.54	-
e)	Aggregate consideration (₹ in Crore)	3,145.57	214.65	-
f)	Additional consideration realised in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years (₹ in Crore)	74.83	-	-

Financial Statements

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Excess Provision amounting to ₹2,628.41 Crore (Previous Year ₹429.92 Crore) on sale of NPAs to Securitisation Company (SC)/Reconstruction Company (RC) has been accounted for in the Profit & Loss Account.

During the year ended 31st March 2023, investment made in Security Receipts (SRs) was ₹322.69 Crore. The Security Receipts are provided for and hence the book value is nil across various categories of Ratings assigned to Security Receipts by the Credit Rating Agencies as on 31st March 2023.

Provision held on the security receipts as on 31st March 2023 is ₹7,009.38 Crore (as on 31st March 2022 the same was ₹7,859.04 Crore.)

ii) The bank has not transferred any Special Mention Account and loan not in default.

Purchase of Loans:

- iii) The Bank has not acquired any stressed loan.
- iv) The Bank has purchased homogeneous assets from NBFCs/ HFCs/ MFIs which are not in default under Direct Assignment Route covered under Transfer of Loan Exposure. The Bank purchased secured home loans and secured & unsecured SME and ABU loans.

Details of loans-not-in-default acquired during the year ended on 31st March 2023 through assignment are given below:

Particulars	From SCB, R SICBs, DCC SFBs and NBF Housing Financ (HFC	Bs, AIFIs, Cs including cc Companies	From ARCs	
	Secured Loan	Unsecured Loan	Secured Loan	Unsecured Loan
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans acquired (₹ in Crore)	3,633.46	8,144.60	Nil	Nil
Aggregate consideration paid (₹ in Crore)	3,270.12	6,990.94	Nil	Nil
Weighted average residual tenor of the loans acquired (years)	11.07	1.70	Nil	Nil
Weighted average holding period by the originator (years)	1.14	0.25	Nil	Nil
Retention of the beneficial interest by the originator	10.00%	13.35%	Nil	Nil
Tangible Security Coverage	173.50%	NA	Nil	Nil

v) The loans acquired are not rated as these are not corporate borrowers.

g) Fraud Reported and provision made during the year:

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Number of Frauds reported	2,755	4,192
Amount involved in Fraud (₹ in Crore)	4,878.18	7,100.65
Amount of provision made for such frauds (₹ in Crore)	4,878.18	7,100.65
Amount of unamortised provision debited from 'Other Reserves' as at the end of the year (₹ in Crore)	Nil	Nil



h) Resolution of COVID-19 related Stress:

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late		Resolution Framew				/21.04.048/2020-21 dated 5 th May 2021
						(₹ in Crore)
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
Sr. No.	Type of borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of the previous half-year	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the half-year	Of (A) amount written off during the half-year	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the half-year	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan - Position as at the end of this half-year
1.	Personal Loans	15,017	536	-	270	14,211
2.	Corporate persons	12,319	1,072	-	1,156	10,091
	of which, MSME	11,045	1,011	-	987	9,047
3.	Others	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	27,336	1,608	-	1,426	24,302

18.5 Exposures

The Bank is lending to sectors, which are sensitive to asset price fluctuations.

Real Estate Sector a)

Partie	culars	Current Year	Previous Year		
I) D	irect exposure				
i)	Residential Mortgages				
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented.	5,50,747.02	4,80,518.54		
	Of which (i) Individual housing loans up to ₹ 35 Lakh (previous year ₹ 35 Lakh) in Metropolitan centres (Population >= 10 Lakh) and ₹ 25 Lakh (previous year ₹ 25 Lakh) in other centres for purchase/construction of dwelling unit per family.	2,51,213.68	2,17,267.02		
ii)	Commercial Real Estate				
	Lending secured by mortgages on Commercial Real Estates (office building, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multifamily residential buildings, multi tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development, and construction etc. Exposures include non-fund based (NFB) limits.	50,409.72	47,672.02		
iii) Investments in Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures:				
	a) Residential	-	-		
	b) Commercial Real Estate	-	-		
ll) Ir	ndirect Exposure				
	und based and non-fund-based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and ousing Finance Companies (HFCs)	1,28,006.76	96,802.79		
Те	otal Exposure to Real Estate Sector	7,29,163.50	6,24,993.35		

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

b) Capital Market

Par	ticulars	Current Year	Previous Year		
1.	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt.	16,870.59	14,566.26		
2.	Advances against shares/ bonds/ debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs/ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds.	65.73	110.25		
3.	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security.	-	-		
4.	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares/ convertible bonds/ convertible debentures/ units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances.	2,149.02	2,321.58		
5.	Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	4,106.64	1,568.01		
6.	Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares/ bonds/ debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources.	-	-		
7.	Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows/issues.	-	-		
8.	Underwriting commitments taken up by the Banks in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds.	-	-		
9.	Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading.	-	-		
10.	Exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	4,302.21	4,325.30		
	Total Exposure to Capital Market	27,494.19	22,891.40		

c) Risk Category-wise Country Exposure

As per the extant RBI guidelines, the country exposure of the Bank is categorised into various risk categories listed in the following table.

	Net Funde	d Exposure	Provisi	(₹ in Crore) on held
Risk Category	As at	Net Funded Exposure As at As at		As at
	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
Insignificant	404.93	1,782.72	Nil	Nil
Very Low	2,25,110.30	2,22,431.21	196.15	165.12
Low	62,630.30	27,346.84	Nil	Nil
Medium	33,154.94	29,467.82	Nil	Nil
High	22,138.32	23,470.66	Nil	Nil
Very High	5,799.64	5,402.11	Nil	Nil
Restricted	5,465.54	6,160.87	Nil	Nil
Total	3,54,703.98	3,16,062.23	196.15	165.12

The country exposure (net funded) of the Bank for any country does not exceed 1% of its total assets except on USA, hence provision for the country exposure on USA has been made.

d) Unsecured Advances

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
a) Total Unsecured Advances of the bank	9,30,364.53	7,44,594.25
i) Of which amount of advances outstanding against charge over intangible securities	Nil	Nil
such as rights, licences, authority etc.		
ii) The estimated value of such intangible securities (as in (i) above).	Nil	Nil



e) Factoring Exposures:

The Banks factoring exposure as at 31st March 2023 is ₹28,565.16 Crore (Previous Year ₹20,136.45 Crore).

f) Intra-Group Exposures:

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Total amount of intra-group exposures	55,540.06	24,431.05
Total amount of top-20 intra-group exposures	55,540.06	24,430.71
Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the bank on borrowers/ customers	1.09%	0.54%
Details of breach of limits on intra-group exposures and regulatory action thereon	Nil	Nil

g) Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure:

- An amount of ₹239.18 Crore (Previous Year ₹145.37 Crore) was held as on 31st March 2023 towards Currency Induced Credit Risk.
- Capital allocated for Currency Induced Credit Risk amounts to ₹420.39 Crore (Previous Year ₹72.90 Crore).

h) Single Borrower and Group Borrower exposure limits exceeded by the Bank:

The Bank has not exceeded the single borrower exposure & Group Borrower exposure prudential limits as prescribed by RBI.

18.6 Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures & NPAs (computed as per directions of RBI)

a) Concentration of Deposits

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors (₹ in Crore)	1,76,611.88	1,61,936.62
Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the Bank	3.99%	4.00%

b) Concentration of Advances

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers (₹ in Crore)	4,01,754.30	3,46,209.56
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Gross Advances of the Bank	12.29%	12.28%

c) Concentration of Exposures

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers (₹ in Crore)	5,55,744.92	4,99,542.80
Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/ customers to Total Exposure of the Bank on borrowers/ customers	10.95%	11.05%

d) Concentration of NPAs

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Total Exposure to top twenty largest NPA exposure to Total Gross NPAs (₹ in Crore)	19,716.80	29,921.64
Percentage of exposures to the twenty largest NPA accounts to total gross NPAs	21.68%	27.26%

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18.7 Derivatives

a) Forward Rate Agreements (FRA)/Interest Rate Swaps (IRS)

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
The notional principal of swap agreements [#]	8,43,159.96	5,14,809.90
Losses which would be incurred if counterparties fail to fulfil their obligations under the agreements	4,058.55	2,537.80
Collateral required by the Bank upon entering swaps	-	453.97
Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	Not significant	Not significant
The fair value of the swap book	3,309.87	1,532.87
	The notional principal of swap agreements [#] Losses which would be incurred if counterparties fail to fulfil their obligations under the agreements Collateral required by the Bank upon entering swaps Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	The notional principal of swap agreements#8,43,159.96Losses which would be incurred if counterparties fail to fulfil their obligations under the agreements4,058.55Collateral required by the Bank upon entering swaps-Concentration of credit risk arising from the swapsNot significant

#Excludes IRS/FRA amounting to ₹ 40,744.08 Crore (Previous Year ₹ 37,265.38 Crore) entered with the Bank's own foreign offices.

Nature and terms of Forward Rate Agreement or Interest Rate Swaps as on 31st March 2023 are given below:

					(₹ in Crore)
Instrument	Nature	Nos.	Notional Principal	Benchmark	Terms
IRS	Trading	6,295	3,19,111.04	MIBOR	Floating Payable Vs Fixed Receivable
IRS	Trading	6,004	3,14,875.79	MIBOR	Fixed Payable Vs Floating Receivable
IRS	Hedging	101	56,617.04	SOFR	Fixed Receivable Vs Floating Payable
IRS	Trading	78	38,815.10	LIBOR	Floating Payable Vs Fixed Receivable
IRS	Trading	160	35,621.68	OTHERS	Floating Payable Vs Fixed Receivable
IRS	Trading	52	24,667.14	LIBOR	Fixed Payable Vs Floating Receivable
IRS	Trading	26	16,557.26	LIBOR	Floating Payable Vs Floating Receivable
IRS	Hedging	12	14,065.69	LIBOR	Fixed Receivable Vs Floating Payable
IRS	Hedging	168	10,793.83	LIBOR	Fixed Receivable Vs Floating Payable
IRS	Trading	85	5,898.58	OTHERS	Fixed Payable Vs Floating Receivable
IRS	Trading	11	2,626.85	LIBOR	Floating Receivable Vs Fixed Payable
IRS	Hedging	21	2,293.85	OTHERS	Fixed Receivable Vs Floating Payable
IRS	Hedging	10	1,051.78	FIXED	Floating Receivable Vs Fixed Payable
IRS	Trading	1	164.34	SOFR	Floating Receivable Vs Fixed Payable
	Total	13,024	8,43,159.97		

b) Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives

			(₹ in Crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
1.	Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives undertaken		
	during the year (instrument-wise)		
	a) Interest Rate Futures	Nil	Nil
	b) 10 Year Government of India Securities	13,718.42	3,988.26
2.	Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding as on end of the financial year (instrument-wise)		
	a) Interest Rate Futures	Nil	Nil
	b) 10 Year Government of India Securities	165.00	501.00
3.	Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective" (instrument-wise)	N.A.	N.A.
4.	Mark-to-market value of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective". (instrument-wise)	N.A.	N.A.



c) Risk Exposure in Derivatives

Qualitative Risk Exposure

i) The Bank currently deals in over the counter (OTC) interest rate and currency derivatives as also in Interest Rate Futures and Exchange Traded Currency Derivatives.

Interest Rate Derivatives dealt by the Bank are rupee interest rate swaps, foreign currency interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, cap, floor and collars.

Currency derivatives dealt by the Bank are currency swaps, rupee dollar options and cross-currency options.

The Bank also deals in Non-deliverable Options and Non-deliverable Forwards as permitted by RBI.

The products are offered to the Bank's customers to hedge their exposures and the Bank also enters into derivatives contracts to cover off such exposures. Derivatives are used by the Bank both for trading as well as hedging balance sheet items.

The Bank also runs option position in USD/INR, which is managed through various types of loss limits and Greek limits.

- ii) Derivative transactions carry market risk i.e. the probable loss the Bank may incur as a result of adverse movements in interest rates/exchange rates and credit risk i.e. the probable loss the Bank may incur if the counterparties fail to meet their obligations. The Bank's "Policy for Derivatives" approved by the Board prescribes the market risk parameters (Greek limits, Loss Limits, cut-loss triggers, open position limits, duration, modified duration, PV01 etc.) as well as customer eligibility criteria (credit rating, tenure of relationship, limits and customer appropriateness and suitability of policy (CAS) etc.) for entering into derivative transactions. Credit risk is controlled by entering into derivative transactions only with counterparties satisfying the criteria prescribed in the Policy. Appropriate limits are set for the counterparties taking into account their ability to honour obligations and the Bank enters into ISDA agreement with each counterparty.
- iii) The Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) of the Bank oversees efficient management of these risks. The Bank's Market Risk Management Department (MRMD) identifies, measures, monitors market risk associated with derivative transactions, assists ALCO in controlling and managing these risks and reports compliance with policy prescriptions to the Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB) at regular intervals.
- iv) The accounting policy for derivatives has been drawn-up in accordance with RBI guidelines, the details of which are presented under Schedule 17: Significant Accounting Policies (SAP).
- v) Interest Rate Swaps are mainly used for hedging of the assets and liabilities.
- vi) Majority of the swaps were done with First class counterparty banks.
- vii) Derivative transactions comprise of swaps which are disclosed as contingent liabilities. The swaps are categorised as trading or hedging.
- viii) Derivative deals are entered with only those interbank participants for whom counterparty exposure limits are sanctioned. Similarly, derivative deals entered with only those corporates for whom credit exposure limit is sanctioned. Collateral requirements for derivative transactions are laid down as a part of credit sanctions terms on a case by case basis. Such collateral requirements are determined based on usual credit appraisal process. The Bank retains the right to terminate transactions as a risk mitigation measure in certain cases.

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Quantitative Risk Exposure

				(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Currency D	Currency Derivatives		Derivatives
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
I) Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)				
a) For hedging	8,389.39 [@]	17,269.22 [@]	47,965.32#	54,974.80#
b) For trading *	11,91,495.97	13,90,743.44	7,95,194.64	4,65,802.38
II) Marked to Market Positions				
a) Asset (+)	7,575.32	9,219.37	4,058.55	2,537.80
b) Liability (-)	11,160.26	9,254.89	4,196.40	2,347.92
III) Credit Exposure	41,469.48	47,965.29	10,545.92	7,180.48
IV) Likely impact of one percentage change in interest rate (100* PV01)	ı			
a) on hedging derivatives	19.72	17.63	1,585.10	1,513.11
b) on trading derivatives	497.23	871.86	274.68	401.07
V) Maximum and Minimum of 100*PV02 observed during the year				
a) on hedging -				
Maximum	29.22	23.39	1,637.88	1,572.46
Minimum	7.60	15.97	1,255.24	1,109.15
b) on trading -				
Maximum	876.56	938.43	528.42	512.07
Minimum	497.23	516.20	246.90	23.91

@ Excludes swaps amounting to ₹2,027.92 Crore (Previous Year ₹2,003.56 Crore) entered with the Bank's own foreign offices.

IRS/FRA amounting to ₹40,744.08 Crore (Previous Year ₹37,265.38 Crore) entered with the Bank's own Foreign offices are excluded.

* Excludes Currency Derivatives of ₹86.38 Crore (Previous Year ₹403.87 Crore) and NDF ₹5,286.71 Crore (Previous Year ₹4,693.25 Crore) done with the Bank's Foreign offices.

- The outstanding notional amount of derivatives done between Global Markets Unit and International Banking Group as on 31st March 2023 amounted to ₹40,744.08 Crore (Previous Year ₹44,366.06 Crore) and the derivatives done between SBI Foreign Offices as on 31st March 2023 amounted to ₹2,027.92 Crore (Previous Year ₹34,018.38 Crore).
- The outstanding notional amount of interest rate derivatives which are not marked-to-market (MTM) where the underlying Assets/Liabilities are not marked-to-market as on 31st March 2023 amounted to ₹1,16,255.32 Crore (Previous Year ₹98,921.35 Crore).

d) Credit Default Swaps

Bank has not entered any Credit Default Swap.

18.8 Disclosure relating to Securitisation

The bank has not securitised any standard assets.

18.9 Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored

The Bank has not floated any off Balance Sheet SPV.



18.10 Unclaimed Liabilities transferred to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening balance of amounts transferred to DEA Fund	4,513.87	3,636.41
Add: Amounts transferred to DEA Fund	6,970.26	893.35
Less: Amounts reimbursed by DEA Fund	2,531.92	15.89
Closing balance of amounts transferred to DEA Fund	8,952.21	4,513.87

18.11 Disclosure of complaints

a) Summary information of complaints received by the bank from customers and from the office of Ombudsman on complaints and grievance redress:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Con	nplaints received by the bank from its customers		
1.	Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	1,82,212	1,46,280
2.	Number of complaints received during the year	38,63,085	34,52,782
3.	Number of complaints disposed during the year	39,10,185	34,16,850
	3.1 Of which, number of complaints rejected by the bank	1,72,002	93,618
4.	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	1,35,112	1,82,212
Mai	ntainable complaints received by the bank from Office of Ombudsman		
5.	. Number of maintainable complaints received by the bank from Office of Ombudsman		45,693#
	5.1 Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the bank by Office of Ombudsman	12,653	35,297
	5.2 Of 5, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/ mediation/ advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	17,356	8,664
	5.3 Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the bank	3	1
6.	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	0	0

@ Including complaints which were pending as at the end of the FY 2021-22 and carried over to FY 2022-23

Including complaints which were pending as at the end of the FY 2020-21 and carried over to FY 2021-22

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 2006) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

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b) Top five grounds of complaints received by the bank from customers

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
1	2	3	4	5	6
Current Year		·			
ATM/ Debit Card	65,097	14,94,562	-20.66	49,435	-
Internet Banking/ Mobile/ Electronic Banking	97,236	20,98,317	56.17	83,450	62,242
Bank Charges levied	3,766	30,856	-44.18	38	-
Account Opening/difficulty in Operation of accounts	8,339	23,366	-4.74	92	-
Cheque Book related	1,694	22,638	10.80	19	-
Others	6,080	1,93,346	54.37	2,078	1,909
Total	1,82,212	38,63,085	11.88	1,35,112	64,151
Previous Year					
ATM/ Debit Card	64,100	18,83,728	4.38	65,097	30,313
Internet Banking/ Mobile/ Electronic Banking	43,015	13,43,568	135.42	97,236	67,738
Bank Charges levied	4,016	55,280	-11.53	3,766	3,410
Account Opening/difficulty in Operation of accounts	3,459	24,529	-24.02	8,339	3,127
Cheque Book related	660	20,432	67.98	1,694	1,056
Others	31,030	1,25,245	-80.71	6,080	683
Total	1,46,280	34,52,782	10.26	1,82,212	1,06,327

c) Disclosure of "First Resort Complaints received, and action taken" in terms of Policy related Action Point in Annual Conference of the RBI Ombudsmen's October 2022

Under clause 10 of the Reserve Bank Integrated Ombudsman Scheme-2021 (RB-IOS), the complaints not related to deficiency of service rejected by Banking Ombudsman as non-maintainable advising the complainants to approach the concerned Regulated Entity directly are called as First Resort Complaints.

During the financial year 2022-23, a total of 23,363 First Resort Complaints (FRCs) were received by RB-IOs.

To ensure reduction in First Resort Complaints (FRCs), the Bank has taken initiatives as under:

- The salient features of RB-IOS Scheme have been displayed at all the branches, ATMs and digitally displayed on ATMs, Bank's website, Internet Banking & YONO.
- Nationwide Intensive Customer Awareness Campaign was conducted during November 2022.

18.12 Disclosure of penalties imposed by the Reserve Bank of India

a) During the year ended 31st March 2023, no penalty has been levied on the Bank by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in exercise of the powers vested under the provisions of Section 47A(1)(c) read with Sections 46(4)(i) and 51(1) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.



- b) No penalty has been levied on the Bank for contravention under the provisions of Payment and Settlement Systems Act, 2007, Government Securities Act, 2006 (for bouncing SGL).
- There is no default in reverse repo transaction. c)

18.13 Other Disclosures:

a) **Business Ratios**

Sr. No.	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
i.	Interest Income as a percentage to Working Funds	6.35%	6.27%
ii.	Non-interest income as a percentage to Working Funds	0.70%	0.92%
iii.	Cost of Deposits (Domestic)	3.99%	3.83%
iv.	Net Interest Margin	3.37%	3.12%
v.	Operating Profit as a percentage to Working Funds	1.60%	1.55%
vi.	Return on Assets (on net-asset basis)	0.96%	0.67%
vii.	Business (Deposits plus advances) per employee (₹ in Crore)	29.78	25.74
viii.	Profit per employee (₹ in Lakh)	21.23	12.93

b) **Bancassurance Business**

Fees/brokerage earned in respect of the insurance broking, agency and bancassurance business.

		(₹ in Crore)
Name of the Company	Current Year	Previous Year
SBI Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	2,039.92	1,567.50
SBI General Insurance Co. Ltd.	397.64	319.00
NTUC and Manulife Financial Limited	0.12	1.27
Tokio Marine and ACE	0.45	0.61
Unit Trust and LIC	0.01	0.01
AIA Singapore	0.01	0.04
IFAST	0.11	0.43
Aviva	0.29	0.39
Total	2,438.55	1,889.25

Marketing and distribution c)

The details of fees/remuneration received in respect of the marketing and distribution function (excluding bancassurance business) are as follows:

		(< in Crore)
Name of the Company	Current Year	Previous Year
SBI Mutual Fund	877.69	741.84
SBI Cards and Payment Services Limited	263.86	199.61
National Pension System	17.89	10.00
SBICAP Securities Ltd.	5.22	5.06
Other Mutual Funds	33.30	22.64
Others (PMS, Bonds, Corporate FDs etc.)	5.35	2.55
Total	1,203.31	981.70

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d) Priority Sector Lending Certificate (PSLC)

The Bank has purchased the following PSLCs during the year:-

		(< In Crore)
Category	Current Year	Previous Year
PSLC Micro Enterprises	78,249.00	5,792.00
PSLC Agriculture	25,240.00	10,192.00
PSLC General	7,439.00	58,361.75
PSLC Small and Marginal Farmers	91,072.00	63,654.25
Total	2,02,000.00	1,38,000.00

The Bank did not sell any PSLC during the year ended 31st March 2023 and 31st March 2022.

e) Provisions and Contingencies

Break up of "Provisions and Contingencies" shown under head Expenditure in Profit and loss account as follows:

		(₹ in Crore)
Provisions debited to Profit & Loss Account	Current Year	Previous Year
Provision for Taxation		
- Current Tax	21,223.93	11,427.30
- Deferred Tax Asset created	(4,250.74)	318.57
Provision for Depreciation on Investments	1,513.84	3,440.10
Provision on Non-Performing Assets	9,190.34	14,142.96
Provision on Restructured Assets	(46.41)	(56.11)
Provision on Standard Assets	5,618.55	4,677.04
Other Provisions	231.01	2,248.14
Total	33,480.52	36,198.00

f) Implementation of IFRS converged Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

RBI vide Circular DBR.BP.BC.No.29/21.07.001/2018-19 dated 22nd March 2019 deferred implementation of Ind AS till further notice. However, RBI requires all banks to submit Proforma Ind AS financial statements every half-year. Accordingly, the Bank is preparing and submitting to RBI Proforma Ind AS financial statements every half-year after approval of Steering Committee headed by MD (R,C & SARG) formed for monitoring of implementation of Ind AS in the Bank.

g) Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium	4,407.22	4,006.14
Arrears in payment of DICGC premium	-	-

h) Disclosure on amortisation of expenditure on account of enhancement in family pension of employees of bank

Pursuant to the revision in family pension payable to employees of the Bank covered under 11th Bi-Partite settlement and Joint Note dated 11th November 2020, the Bank had provided for the entire additional liability of ₹7,418.39 Crore in the Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2022 & was disclosed as an exceptional item.

There is no unamortised expenditure in the Balance Sheet on account of Family Pension Scheme.



18.14 Disclosure Requirements as per the Accounting Standards

- a) Accounting Standard 5: Net Profit or Loss for the period, Prior Period Items, and Changes in Accounting Policies
 - During the year, there were no material prior period income/expenditure items.
 - There is no change in the Significant Accounting Policies adopted during the Financial Year 2022-23 as compared to those followed in the previous Financial Year 2021-22.

b) Accounting Standard - 15 "Employee Benefits"

i) Defined Benefit Plans

1) Employee's Pension Plan and Gratuity Plan

The following table sets out the status of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Gratuity Plan as per the actuarial valuation by the independent Actuary appointed by the Bank:

۶) الحاذية من الحاذية الحادية الح				
Particulars –	Pension Plan		Gratuity Plan	
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation				
Opening defined benefit obligation	1,46,124.99	1,25,806.37	12,714.22	13,447.17
Current Service Cost	972.83	914.92	464.79	466.44
Interest Cost	10,740.19	8,680.64	924.32	917.10
Past Service Cost (Vested Benefit)	-	11,124.14	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	9,824.44	9,789.06	44.75	42.20
Benefits paid	(4,848.06)	(4,926.71)	(1,757.60)	(2,158.69)
Direct Payment by Bank	(5,848.13)	(5,263.43)	-	-
Closing defined benefit obligation at 31 st March 2023	1,56,966.26	1,46,124.99	12,390.48	12,714.22
Change in Plan Assets				
Opening fair value of Plan Assets as at 1 st April 2022	1,30,590.73	1,06,445.86	10,925.06	10,950.23
Expected Return on Plan Assets	9,598.42	7,344.76	794.25	746.81
Contributions by employer	2,171.59	22,163.77	1,440.65	1,463.56
Expected Contributions by the employees	0.10	-	-	-
Benefits Paid	(4,848.06)	(4,926.71)	(1,757.60)	(2,158.69)
Actuarial Gains/(Loss) on plan Assets - Due to Experience	(4,364.24)	(436.95)	(336.70)	(76.85)
Closing fair value of plan assets as at 31 st March 2023	1,33,148.54	1,30,590.73	11,065.66	10,925.06
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and fair value of the plan assets				
Present Value of Funded obligation at 31 st March 2023	1,56,966.26	1,46,124.99	12,390.48	12,714.22
Fair Value of Plan assets at 31 st March 2023	1,33,148.54	1,30,590.73	11,065.66	10,925.06
Deficit/(Surplus)	23,817.72	15,534.26	1,324.82	1,789.16
Unrecognised Past Service Cost (Vested) Closing Balance	-	-	-	-
Unrecognised Transitional Liability Closing Balance	-	-	-	-
Net Liability/(Asset)	23,817.72	15,534.26	1,324.82	1,789.16

Governance

Financial Statements

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

	Pensior	Plan	Gratuit	(₹ in Crore) v Plan
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
Amount Recognised in the Balance Sheet	Guilent lear		ourient rear	
Liabilities	1,56,966.26	1,46,124.99	12,390.48	12,714.22
Assets	1,33,148.54	1,30,590.73	11,065.66	10,925.06
Net Liability/(Asset) recognized in Balance Sheet	23,817.72	15,534.26	1,324.82	1,789.16
Unrecognised Past Service Cost (Vested) Closing Balance	-	-	-	-
Unrecognised Transitional Liability Closing Balance	-	-	-	-
Net Liability/(Asset)	23,817.72	15,534.26	1,324.82	1,789.16
Net Cost recognized in the profit and loss account				
Current Service Cost	972.83	914.92	464.79	466.44
Interest Cost	10,740.19	8,680.64	924.32	917.10
Expected return on plan assets	(9,598.42)	(7,344.76)	(794.25)	(746.81)
Expected Contributions by the employees	(0.10)	-	-	-
Past Service Cost (Amortised) Recognised	-	-	-	-
Past Service Cost (Vested Benefit) Recognised	-	11,124.14	-	-
Net actuarial losses/(Gain) recognized during the year	14,188.68	10,226.01	381.45	119.05
Total costs of defined benefit plans included in Schedule 16 "Payments to and provisions for employees"	16,303.18	23,600.95	976.31	755.78
Reconciliation of expected return and actual return on Plan Assets				
Expected Return on Plan Assets	9,598.42	7,344.76	794.25	746.81
Actuarial Gain/(loss) on Plan Assets - Due to Experience	(4,364.24)	(436.95)	(336.70)	(76.85)
Actual Return on Plan Assets	5,234.18	6,907.81	457.55	669.96
Reconciliation of opening and closing net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet				
Opening Net Liability/(Asset) as at 1 st April 2022	15,534.26	19,360.51	1,789.16	2,496.94
Expenses as recognized in Profit and Loss account	16,303.18	23,600.95	976.31	755.78
Paid by Bank Directly	(5,848.13)	(5,263.43)	-	-
Debited to Other Provision	-	-	-	-
Recognised in Reserve	-	-	-	-
Employer's Contribution	(2,171.59)	(22,163.77)	(1,440.65)	(1,463.56)
Net liability/(Asset) recognized in Balance Sheet	23,817.72	15,534.26	1,324.82	1,789.16



Category of Assets	Pension Fund % of Plan Assets	Gratuity Fund % of Plan Assets	
Central Govt. Securities	19.11%	19.06%	
State Govt. Securities	35.14%	35.24%	
Debt Securities, Money Market Securities and Bank Deposits	30.85%	29.35%	
ETF and Mutual Funds	11.61%	10.99%	
Insurer Managed Funds	1.17%	3.30%	
Others	2.12%	2.06%	
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

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Principal actuarial assumptions

Deuticulaus	Pension Plans		
Particulars	Current Year Previous Yea		
Discount Rate	7.53% 7.35%		
Expected Rate of return on Plan Asset	7.53% 7.35%		
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00% 5.80%		
Pension Escalation Rate	2.00% 1.60%		
Attrition Rate	2.00% 2.00%		
Mortality Table During Employment	IALM 2012-14 (Urban) IALM 2012-14 (Urban)		
Mortality Table After Employment	IALM (2006-08) Ultimate IALM (2006-08) Ultimate		

Principal actuarial assumptions

Particulars	Gratuity Plans	Gratuity Plans		
	Current Year Previo	ous Year		
Discount Rate	7.48%	7.27%		
Expected Rate of return on Plan Asset	7.48%	7.27%		
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00%	5.80%		
Attrition Rate	2.00%	2.00%		
Mortality Table	IALM 2012-14 (Urban) IALM 2012-14	1 (Urban)		

Surplus/Deficit in the Plan

Gratuity Plan

					(₹ in Crore)
Amount recognized in the Balance Sheet	Year ended 31.03.2019	Year ended 31.03.2020	Year ended 31.03.2021	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2023
Liability at the end of the year	12,189.05	12,852.56	13,447.17	12,714.22	12,390.48
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	10,326.00	10,570.95	10,950.23	10,925.06	11,065.66
Difference	1,863.05	2,281.61	2,496.94	1,789.16	1,324.82
Unrecognised Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-	-
Unrecognised Transition Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Amount Recognised in the Balance Sheet	1,863.05	2,281.61	2,496.94	1,789.16	1,324.82

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Experience adjustment

					(₹ in Crore)
Amount recognized in the	Year ended				
Balance Sheet	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2023
On Plan Liability (Gain)/Loss	(212.11)	382.17	1,053.04	366.15	138.91
On Plan Asset (Loss)/Gain	102.16	249.84	331.37	(76.85)	(336.70)

Surplus/Deficit in the plan

Pension

					(₹ in Crore)
Amount recognized in the	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
Balance Sheet	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2023
Liability at the end of the year	95,362.15	1,09,830.37	1,25,806.37	1,46,124.99	1,56,966.26
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	90,399.61	97,458.52	1,06,445.86	1,30,590.73	1,33,148.54
Difference	4,962.54	12,371.85	19,360.51	15,534.26	23,817.72
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-	-
Unrecognized Transition Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Amount Recognised in the Balance Sheet	4,962.54	12,371.85	19,360.51	15,534.26	23,817.72

Experience adjustment

					(₹ in Crore)
Amount recognized in the	Year ended				
Balance Sheet	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2023
On Plan Liability (Gain)/Loss	3,642.57	4,078.53	12,528.38	4,162.26	8,997.32
On Plan Asset (Loss)/Gain	109.65	1,550.28	3,705.91	(436.95)	(4,364.24)

The expected contribution to the Pension and Gratuity Fund for the next year is ₹2,200.00 Crore and ₹1,796.23 Crore respectively.

As the plan assets are marked to market on the basis of the yield curve derived from government securities, the expected rate of return has been kept the same as the discount rate.

The estimates of future salary growth, factored in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market. Such estimates are very long-term and are not based on limited past experience/immediate future. Empirical evidence also suggests that in very long-term, consistent high salary growth rates are not possible. The said estimates and assumptions have been relied upon by the auditors.

With a view to further strengthen the Pension Fund, it was decided to upwardly revise some of the assumptions.

2) Employees' Provident Fund

Actuarial valuation carried out in respect of interest shortfall in the Provident Fund Trust of the Bank, as per Deterministic Approach shows "Nil" liability, hence no provision is made in FY2022-23.



The following table sets out the status of Provident Fund as per the actuarial valuation by the independent Actuary appointed by the Bank: -

		(₹ in Crore)	
Particulars -	Provident Fund		
	Current Year	Previous Year	
Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation			
Opening defined benefit obligation at 1 st April 2022	36,730.00	35,289.14	
Current Service Cost	1,480.33	1,493.06	
Interest Cost	2,762.87	2,917.84	
Employee Contribution (including VPF)	1,952.97	1,958.76	
Actuarial losses/(gains)	-	150.44	
Benefits paid	(4,689.37)	(5,079.24)	
Closing defined benefit obligation at 31 st March 2023	38,236.80	36,730.00	
Change in Plan Assets			
Opening fair value of Plan Assets as at 1 st April 2022	37,632.85	36,365.80	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	2,762.87	2,917.84	
Contributions	3,433.30	3,451.82	
Provision for loss on maturity of non-performing investment	-	-	
Benefits Paid	(4,689.37)	(5,079.24)	
Actuarial Gains/(Loss) on plan Assets	70.40	(23.37)	
Closing fair value of plan assets as at 31 st March 2023	39,210.05	37,632.85	
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and fair value of the plan assets			
Present Value of Funded obligation at 31 st March 2023	38,236.80	36,730.00	
Fair Value of Plan assets at 31 st March 2023	39,210.05	37,632.85	
Deficit/(Surplus)	(973.25)	(902.85)	
Net Asset not recognized in the Balance Sheet	973.25	902.85	
Net Cost recognized in the profit and loss account			
Current Service Cost	1,480.33	1,493.06	
Interest Cost	2,762.87	2,917.84	
Expected return on plan assets	(2,762.87)	(2,917.84)	
Interest shortfall reversed	-	-	
Total costs of defined benefit plans included in Schedule 16 "Payments to and provisions for employees"	1,480.33	1,493.06	
Reconciliation of opening and closing net liability/(asset) recognized in the Balance Sheet			
Opening Net Liability as at 1 st April 2022	-	-	
Expense as above	1,480.33	1,493.06	
Employer's Contribution	(1,480.33)	(1,493.06)	
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognised in the Balance Sheet	-	-	

Plan Assets of Provident Fund as on 31st March 2023 are as follows:

Category of Assets	Provident Fund % of Plan Assets
Central Govt. Securities	28.36%
State Govt. Securities	31.82%
Debt Securities, Money Market Securities and Bank Deposits	30.12%
Mutual Funds	6.99%
Others	2.71%
Total	100.00%

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

Principal actuarial assumptions

Deutieuleue	Provident Fund	
Particulars	Current Year Previo	ous Year
Discount Rate	7.48%	7.27%
Guaranteed Return	8.10%	8.50%
Attrition Rate	2.00%	2.00%
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00%	5.80%
Mortality Table	IALM 2012-14 (Urban) IALM 2012-14	4 (Urban)

There is a guaranteed return applicable to liability under SBI Employees Provident Fund which shall not be lower of either:

- a) one half percent above the average standard rate (adjusted up or down to the interest one quarter per cent) quoted by the bank for new deposits fixed for twelve months in the preceding year (ending on the preceding 31st day of March); or
- b) three percent per annum, subject to approval of Executive Committee.

ii) Defined Contribution Plan:

The Bank has a Defined Contribution Pension Scheme (DCPS) applicable to all categories of officers and employees joining the Bank on or after 1st August 2010. The Scheme is managed by NPS Trust under the aegis of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority. National Securities Depository Limited has been appointed as the Central Record Keeping Agency for the NPS. During FY 2022-23, the Bank has contributed ₹1,296.27 Crore (Previous Year ₹1,177.54 Crore).

iii) Long-Term Employee Benefits (Unfunded Obligation):

A) Accumulating Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)

The following table sets out the status of Accumulating Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave) as per the actuarial valuation by the independent Actuary appointed by the Bank: -

		(₹ in Crore)	
Particulars	Accumulating Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)		
	Current Year	Previous Year	
Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation			
Opening defined benefit obligation at 1 st April 2022	10,372.37	8,182.24	
Current Service Cost	328.35	456.87	
Interest Cost	754.07	558.03	
Actuarial losses/(gains)	743.71	2,567.32	
Benefits paid	(1,130.17)	(1,392.09)	
Closing defined benefit obligation at 31 st March 2023	11,068.33	10,372.37	
Net Cost recognized in the profit and loss account			
Current Service Cost	328.35	456.87	
Interest Cost	754.07	558.03	
Actuarial (Gain)/Losses	743.71	2,567.32	
Total costs of defined benefit plans included in Schedule 16 "Payments to and provisions for employees"	1,826.13	3,582.22	



		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Accumulating Compens (Privilege Le	
	Current Year	Previous Year
Reconciliation of opening and closing net liability/(asset) recognized in the Balance Sheet		
Opening Net Liability as at 1 st April 2022	10,372.37	8,182.24
Expense as above	1,826.13	3,582.22
Employer's Contribution	-	-
Benefit paid directly by the Employer	(1,130.17)	(1,392.09)
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognised in the Balance Sheet	11,068.33	10,372.37

Principal actuarial assumptions

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Discount Rate	7.48%	7.27%
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00%	5.80%
Attrition Rate	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Table	IALM 2012-14 (Urban)	IALM 2012-14 (Urban)

B) Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

Amount of ₹ 20.57 Crore (Previous Year ₹ 115.51 Crore) is provided as per the actuarial valuation by the independent Actuary appointed by the Bank towards Other Long-Term Employee Benefits viz. Leave Travel and Home Travel Concession (Encashment/Availment), Silver Jubilee Award, Resettlement Expenses on Superannuation and Retirement Award and is included under the head "Payments to and Provisions for Employees" in Profit and Loss Account.

Principal actuarial assumptions

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Discount Rate	7.48%	7.27%
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00%	5.80%
Attrition Rate	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Table	IALM 2012-14 (Urban)	IALM 2012-14 (Urban)

c) Accounting Standard - 17 "Segment Reporting"

1. Segment Identification

I. Primary (Business Segment)

The following are the primary segments of the Bank:-

- Treasury
- Corporate/Wholesale Banking
- Retail Banking
- Other Banking Business.

The present accounting and information system of the Bank does not support capturing and extraction of the data in respect of the above segments separately. However, based on the present internal, organisational and management reporting structure and the nature of their risk and returns, the data on the primary segments have been computed as under:

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forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

i) Treasury

The Treasury Segment includes the entire investment portfolio and trading in foreign exchange contracts and derivative contracts. The revenue of the treasury segment primarily consists of fees and gains or losses from trading operations and interest income on the investment portfolio.

ii) Corporate/Wholesale Banking

The Corporate/Wholesale Banking segment comprises the lending activities of Corporate Accounts Group, Commercial Clients Group and Stressed Assets Resolution Group. These include providing loans and transaction services to corporate and institutional clients and further include non-treasury operations of foreign offices.

iii) Retail Banking

The Retail Banking Segment comprises of retail branches, which primarily includes Personal Banking activities including lending activities to corporate customers having banking relations with these branches. This segment also includes agency business and ATMs.

iv) Other Banking business

Segments not classified under (i) to (iii) above are classified under this primary segment.

II. Secondary (Geographical Segment)

- i) Domestic Operations Branches/Offices having operations in India
- ii) Foreign Operations Branches/Offices having operations outside India and offshore Banking units having operations in India

III. Pricing of Inter-segmental Transfers

The Retail Banking segment is the primary resource mobilising unit. The Corporate/Wholesale Banking and Treasury segments are recipient of funds from Retail Banking. Market related Funds Transfer Pricing (MRFTP) is followed under which a separate unit called Funding Centre has been created. The Funding Centre notionally buys funds that the business units raise in the form of deposits or borrowings and notionally sell funds to business units engaged in creating assets.

IV. Allocation of Expenses, Assets and Liabilities

Expenses incurred at Corporate Centre establishments directly attributable either to Corporate/Wholesale and Retail Banking Operations or to Treasury Operations segment, are allocated accordingly. Expenses not directly attributable are allocated on the basis of the ratio of number of employees in each segment/ratio of directly attributable expenses.

The Bank has certain common assets and liabilities, which cannot be attributed to any segment, and the same are treated as unallocated.



2. Segment Information

Part A: Primary (Business Segments)

		Componeto/	, Retail Banking				
Business Segment	Treasury	Corporate/ Wholesale Banking	Digital Banking	Other retail Banking	Total	Other Banking Operations	Total
Revenue (before	1,01,933.92	98,038.91	3,697.02	1,63,216.12	1,66,913.14	-	3,66,885.97
exceptional items) #	(1,00,000.05)	(74,379.36)			(1,38,504.95)	(-)	(3,12,884.36
Unallocated							1,832.69
Revenue #							(3,136.84
Total Revenue #							3,68,718.66
							(3,16,021.20)
Result (before	9,470.88	29,049.75	4,731.53	28,507.95	33,239.48	-	71,760.11
exceptional items) #	(13,654.90)	(26,959.15)			(12,541.38)	(-)	(53,155.43)
Add: Exceptional							-
Items #							(-7,418.39)
Result (after							71,760.10
exceptional items) #							(45,737.04)
Unallocated							-4,554.47
Income(+)/ Expenses(-) - net [#]							(-2,315.19
Profit before tax #							67,205.64
							(43,421.85
Tax #							16,973.19
							(11,745.87
Extraordinary							Nil
Profit #							Nil
Net Profit #							50,232.45
Other Information:							(31,675.98)
Segment Assets *	16,65,482.35	14,92,904.65	52,647.74	22,57,802.67	23,10,450.41		54,68,837.41
ocginent / toseto	(16,13,186.75)	(13,02,237.02)	02,047174	22,01,002.01	(20,21,244.45)	(-)	(49,36,668.22)
Unallocated	(10,13,100.73)	(13,02,237.02)			(20,21,244.43)	(-)	48,141.12
Assets *							(50,929.19)
Total Assets *							55,16,978.53
0	450400000	4 4 5 7 5 6 5 6 1	100 101 ==	4 5 00 404 50	00 50 000 00		(49,87,597.41)
Segment	15,24,002.00	14,57,595.81	4,90,464.77	15,62,424.59	20,52,889.36	-	50,34,487.17
Liabilities *	(14,68,058.66)	(12,74,940.11)			(18,48,288.43)	(-)	(45,91,287.20)
Unallocated							1,54,882.91
Liabilities *							(1,16,222.15)
Total Liabilities *							51,89,370.08
							(47,07,509.35

(Figures in brackets are for previous year).

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

						(₹ in Crore)	
Geographic	Domestic		For	Foreign		Total	
Segments	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	
Revenue (before exceptional items) #	3,47,982.70	3,06,741.79	20,735.96	9,279.41	3,68,718.66	3,16,021.20	
Net Profit #	43,966.38	27,905.87	6,266.07	3,770.11	50,232.45	31,675.98	
Assets *	49,09,460.77	44,56,341.96	6,07,517.76	5,31,255.45	55,16,978.53	49,87,597.41	
Liabilities*	45,81,852.33	41,76,253.90	6,07,517.76	5,31,255.45	51,89,370.09	47,07,509.35	

Part B: Secondary (Geographic Segments)

For the year ended 31st March 2023.

* As at 31st March 2023.

As per RBI Circular DOR. AUT.REC.12/22.01.001/2022-23 dated 7th April 2022, for the purpose of disclosure under Accounting Standard 17 Segment Reporting "Digital Banking" has been identified as a sub-segment under the "Retail Banking Segment".

d) Accounting Standard - 18 "Related Party Disclosures"

1. Related Parties

A. SUBSIDIARIES

i. FOREIGN BANKING SUBSIDIARIES

- 1. Commercial Indo Bank LLC, Moscow
- 2. SBI Canada Bank
- 3. State Bank of India (California)
- 4. State Bank of India (UK) Limited
- 5. SBI (Mauritius) Ltd.
- 6. PT Bank SBI Indonesia
- 7. Nepal SBI Bank Ltd.

ii. DOMESTIC NON-BANKING SUBSIDIARIES

- 1. SBI Life Insurance Company Ltd.
- 2. SBI General Insurance Company Ltd.
- 3. SBI Cards & Payment Services Ltd.
- 4. SBI Funds Management Ltd.
- 5. SBI Mutual Fund Trustee Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. SBI Capital Markets Ltd.
- 7. SBICAP Trustee Co. Ltd.
- 8. SBICAP Ventures Ltd.
- 9. SBICAP Securities Ltd.
- 10. SBI Global Factors Ltd.
- 11. SBI SG Global Securities Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 12. SBI DFHI Ltd.



- 13. SBI Pension Funds Pvt. Ltd.
- 14. SBI Payment Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 15. SBI Infra Management Solutions Pvt. Ltd. (under liquidation)
- 16. SBI Foundation
- 17. State Bank Operations Support Services Pvt. Ltd. (Date of incorporation 26th July 2022)

iii. FOREIGN NON-BANKING SUBSIDIARIES

- 1. SBI Funds Management (International) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. State Bank of India Servicos Limitada
- 3. Nepal SBI Merchant Banking Ltd.
- 4. SBICAP (Singapore) Ltd. (upto 30th November 2022)

B. JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

- 1. C-Edge Technologies Ltd.
- 2. Jio Payments Bank Ltd. (upto 22nd January 2023)
- 3. SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trustee Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Macquarie SBI Infrastructure Management Pte. Ltd.
- 6. Macquarie SBI Infrastructure Trustee Ltd.
- 7. Oman India Joint Investment Fund Management Company Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Oman India Joint Investment Fund Trustee Company Pvt. Ltd.

C. ASSOCIATES

- i. Regional Rural Banks
 - 1. Andhra Pradesh Grameena Vikas Bank
 - 2. Arunachal Pradesh Rural Bank
 - 3. Chhattisgarh Rajya Gramin Bank
 - 4. Ellaquai Dehati Bank
 - 5. Madhyanchal Gramin Bank
 - 6. Meghalaya Rural Bank
 - 7. Mizoram Rural Bank
 - 8. Nagaland Rural Bank
 - 9. Saurashtra Gramin Bank
 - 10. Utkal Grameen Bank
 - 11. Uttarakhand Gramin Bank
 - 12. Jharkhand Rajya Gramin Bank
 - 13. Rajasthan Marudhara Gramin Bank
 - 14. Telangana Grameena Bank

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forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

ii. Others

- 1. The Clearing Corporation of India Ltd.
- 2. Bank of Bhutan Ltd.
- 3. Yes Bank Ltd.
- 4. Investec Capital Services (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Jio Payments Bank Ltd. (w.e.f. 23rd January 2023)
- 6. SBI Home Finance Ltd. (under liquidation)

D. Key Management Personnel of the Bank

- 1. Shri Dinesh Kumar Khara, Chairman
- 2. Shri Challa Sreenivasulu Setty, Managing Director (International Banking, Global Markets & Technology)
- 3. Shri Ashwani Bhatia, Managing Director (Corporate Banking & Global Markets) (up to 31st May 2022)
- 4. Shri Swaminathan Janakiraman, Managing Director (Corporate Banking & Subsidiaries)
- 5. Shri Ashwini Kumar Tewari, Managing Director (Risk, Compliance & SARG)
- 6. Shri Alok Kumar Choudhary, Managing Director (Retail Business & Operations) (w.e.f. 07th June 2022)

2. Parties with whom transactions were entered into during the year

No disclosure is required in respect of related parties, which are "State-controlled Enterprises" as per paragraph 9 of Accounting Standard (AS) 18. Further, in terms of paragraph 5 of AS 18, transactions in the nature of Banker-Customer relationship have not been disclosed including those with Key Management Personnel and relatives of Key Management Personnel.

3. Transactions and Balances

						(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Associates/ Joint Ventures	Key Management Personnel & their relatives	Total	Associates/ Joint Ventures	Key Management Personnel & their relatives	Total
Outstanding as at	;	31 st March 2023		:	31 st March 2022	
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit	4,942.43	-	4,942.43	833.02	-	833.02
Other Liabilities	66.09	-	66.09	10.23	-	10.23
Balance with Banks and Money at call and short notice	0.17	-	0.17	0.12	-	0.12
Advance	1,007.14	-	1,007.14	856.50	-	856.50
Investment	7,925.54	-	7,925.54	10,614.81	-	10,614.81
Other Assets	196.03	-	196.03	224.63	-	224.63
Non-fund commitments (LCs/BGs)	22.53	-	22.53	-	-	-



						(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Associates/ Joint Ventures	Key Management Personnel & their relatives	Total	Associates/ Joint Ventures	Key Management Personnel & their relatives	Total
Maximum outstanding	D	uring FY2022-23	;	D	uring FY2021-22	2
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit	5,269.99	-	5,269.99	1,351.05	-	1,351.05
Other Liabilities	66.12	-	66.12	13.78	-	13.78
Balance with Banks and Money at call and short notice	2.56	-	2.56	636.41	-	636.41
Advance	1,152.51	-	1,152.51	2,218.48	-	2,218.48
Investment	10,756.28	-	10,756.28	12,520.51	-	12,520.51
Other Assets	444.64	-	444.64	372.58	-	372.58
Non-fund commitments (LCs/BGs)	22.53	-	22.53	2,935.10	-	2,935.10
During the year	D	uring FY2022-23	;	D	uring FY2021-22	2
Interest Income	111.19	-	111.19	207.19	-	207.19
Interest expenditure	80.69	-	80.69	31.48	-	31.48
Income earned by way of dividend	20.81	-	20.81	21.23	-	21.23
Other Income	3.16	-	3.16	1.50	-	1.50
Other expenditure	13.17	-	13.17	7.14	-	7.14
Profit/(loss) on sale of land/building and other assets	-0.12	-	-0.12	-	-	-
Management contracts	-	2.21	2.21	-	1.63	1.63

There are no materially significant related party transactions during the year.

e) Accounting Standard - 19 "Leases"

Premises taken on operating lease are given below:

Operating leases primarily comprise office premises and staff residences, which are renewable at the option of the Bank.

i) Liability for Premises taken on Non-Cancellable operating lease are given below:

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Not later than 1 year	37.34	88.70
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	31.97	55.02
Later than 5 years	5.99	5.32
Total	75.30	149.04

ii) Amount of lease payments recognized in the P&L Account for operating leases is ₹4,104.59 Crore (Previous Year ₹3,892.94 Crore).

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

f) Accounting Standard - 20 "Earnings per Share"

The Bank reports basic and diluted earnings per equity share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 - "Earnings per Share". "Basic earnings" per share is computed by dividing net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Basic and diluted		
Number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	892,46,11,534	892,46,11,534
Number of Equity Shares issued during the year	400	Nil
Number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	892,46,11,934	892,46,11,534
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computing basic earnings per share	892,46,11,707	892,46,11,534
Weighted average number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share	892,46,11,707	892,46,11,534
Net profit/(loss) (₹ in Crore)	50,232.45	31,675.98
Basic earnings per share (₹)	56.29	35.49
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	56.29	35.49
Nominal value per share (₹)	1.00	1.00

g) Accounting Standard - 22 "Accounting for Taxes on Income"

a) Current Tax:-

During the year the Bank has debited to Profit & Loss Account ₹21,223.93 Crore (Previous Year ₹11,427.30 Crore) on account of current tax. The Current Tax in India has been calculated in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 after taking appropriate relief for taxes paid in foreign jurisdictions.

b) Deferred Tax:-

During the year ₹4,250.74 Crore has been credited to Profit and Loss Account (Previous Year debit ₹318.57 Crore) on account of deferred tax.

The Bank has a net DTA of ₹10,534.21 Crore (Previous Year net DTA of ₹6,244.72 Crore), which comprises of DTL of ₹0.01 Crore (Previous Year ₹2.56 Crore) included under 'Other Liabilities and Provisions' and Deferred



Tax Assets (DTA) of ₹10,534.22 Crore (Previous Year ₹6,247.28 Crore) included under 'Other Assets'. The major components of DTA and DTL is given below:

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
Deferred Tax Assets (DTA)		
Provision for long-term employee Benefits	9,105.22	6,568.86
Provision for advances	6,244.09	4,863.64
Provision for Other Assets/Other Liability	3,736.75	3,650.06
On Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	1,686.01	982.69
Depreciation on Fixed Assets	352.03	269.66
On account of Foreign Offices	476.14	409.56
Total	21,600.24	16,744.47
Deferred Tax Liabilities (DTL)		
Interest accrued but not due on Securities	6,598.88	6,546.58
Special Reserve created u/s 36(1)(viii) of Income Tax Act, 1961	4,467.14	3,950.61
On account of Foreign Offices	0.01	2.56
Total	11,066.03	10,499.75
Net Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)	10,534.21	6,244.72

The Bank had exercised the option of lower tax rate permitted under Section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019 from the financial year 2019-20 onwards.

h) Accounting Standard - 27 "Financial Reporting of interests in Joint Ventures"

Investments include ₹28.06 Crore (Previous Year ₹107.14 Crore) representing Bank's interest in the following jointly controlled entities.

Sr. No	Name of the Company	Amount (₹ in Crore)	Country of Residence	Holding %
1.	C - Edge Technologies Ltd.	4.90	India	49%
		(4.90)		(49%)
2.	SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Pvt. Ltd.	18.57	India	45%
		(18.57)		(45%)
3.	SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trustee Pvt. Ltd.	0.03	India	45%
		(0.03)		(45%)
4.	Maquarie SBI Infrastructure Management Pte. Ltd.	2.25	Singapore	45%
		(2.25)		(45%)
5.	Macquarie SBI Infrastructure Trustee Ltd. #	-	Bermuda	45%
		(-)		(45%)
6.	Oman India Joint Investment Fund - Management Company	2.30	India	50%
	Pvt. Ltd.	(2.30)		(50%)
7.	Oman India Joint Investment Fund - Trustee Company Pvt. Ltd.	0.01	India	50%
		(0.01)		(50%)
8.	Jio Payments Bank ^{\$\$}	-	India	-
		(79.08)		(30%)
	Total	28.06		
		(107.14)		

Indirect holding through Maquarie SBI Infra Management Pte. Ltd., against which the Company has made 100% provision on investments.

^{\$\$} During the year ended 31st March 2023, Bank's stake in Jio Payments Bank Ltd., a joint venture, has reduced from 30.00% to 23.02% as Bank did not participate in the right issue of equity shares offered by the company. The entity is accounted as Associate of the Bank.

(Figures in brackets relate to previous year)

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

As required by AS 27, the aggregate amount of the assets, liabilities, income, expenses, contingent liabilities and commitments related to the Bank's interests in jointly controlled entities are disclosed as under:

(で)				
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022		
Liabilities	51 Warch 2025	51 Warch 2022		
Capital & Reserves	220.31	236.69		
Deposits	-	5.69		
Borrowings	-	7.48		
Other Liabilities & Provisions	41.58	48.20		
Total	261.89	298.06		
Assets				
Cash and Balances with RBI	-	1.82		
Balances with Banks and money at call and short notice	147.43	143.16		
Investments	22.71	71.77		
Advances	-	-		
Fixed Assets	20.40	14.97		
Other Assets	71.35	66.34		
Total	261.89	298.06		
Consider Community and				
Capital Commitments	-	- 1.01		
Other Contingent Liabilities	1.49	1.91		
Income				
Interest earned	8.27	7.41		
Other income	188.40	171.75		
Total	196.67	179.16		
Expenditure				
Interest expended	0.18	0.11		
Operating expenses	152.52	148.60		
Provisions & contingencies	15.18	12.62		
Total	167.88	161.33		
Profit	28.79	17.83		

i) Accounting Standards - 28 "Impairment of Assets"

In the opinion of the Bank's Management, there is no indication of impairment to the non-monetary assets during the year.



j) Accounting Standard - 29 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"

Description of Contingent liabilities:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Brief Description
1.	-	The Bank is a party to various proceedings in the normal course of business. The Bank does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material adverse effect on the Bank's financial conditions, results of operations or cash flows. The Bank is also a party to various taxation matters in respect of which appeals are pending.
2.		This item represents amounts remaining unpaid towards liability for partly paid investments. This also includes undrawn commitments for Venture Capital Funds.
3.		The Bank enters into foreign exchange contracts in its normal course of business to exchange currencies at a pre-fixed price at a future date. Forward exchange contracts are commitments to buy or sell foreign currency at a future date at the contracted rate. The notional amounts are recorded as Contingent Liabilities. With respect to the transactions entered into with its customers, the Bank generally enters into off-setting transactions in the interbank market. This results in generation of a higher number of outstanding transactions, and hence a large value of gross notional principal of the portfolio, while the net market risk is lower.
4.	behalf of constituents,	As a part of its commercial Banking activities, the Bank issues documentary credits and guarantees on behalf of its customers. Documentary credits enhance the credit standing of the customers of the Bank. Guarantees generally represent irrevocable assurances that the Bank will make payment in the event of the customer failing to fulfil its financial or performance obligations.
5.	Other items for which the Bank is contingently liable	The Bank enters into currency options, forward rate agreements, currency swaps and interest rate swaps with inter-Bank participants on its own account and for customers. Currency swaps are commitments to exchange cash flows by way of interest/principal in one currency against another, based on predetermined rates. Interest rate swaps are commitments to exchange fixed and floating interest rate cash flows. The notional amounts that are recorded as Contingent Liabilities, are typically amounts used as a benchmark for the calculation of the interest component of the contracts. Further, these also include estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for, letter of comforts issued by the Bank on behalf of Associates & Subsidiaries, Bank's Liability under Depositors Education and Awareness Fund A/c and other sundry contingent liabilities.

The Contingent Liabilities mentioned above are dependent upon the outcome of Court/arbitration/out of Court settlements, disposal of appeals, the amount being called up, terms of contractual obligations, devolvement and raising of demand by concerned parties, as the case may be.

Movement of provisions against Contingent Liabilities

The movement of provisions against contingent liabilities given in the table below:

		(₹ in Crore)
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Opening balance	3,664.18	3,429.98
Additions during the year	143.54	438.42
Amount utilised during the year	86.59	7.40
Unused amount reversed during the year	611.18	196.82
Closing balance	3,109.95	3,664.18

SCHEDULES

forming part of the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

18.15 Additional Disclosures

a) Payment to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises under the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There has been no reported cases of delayed payments of the principal amount or interest due thereon to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises.

b) Letter of Comfort

The Bank has given Letter of Comfort to the Governor, Bank of Indonesia for its subsidiary Bank SBI Indonesia, a foreign Subsidiary. Letter of Comfort has been given to the Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada for SBI Canada Bank, a foreign Subsidiary. The consolidated amount for this letter of comfort is ₹2054.25 Crore (USD 250 Mio) as at 31st March 2023. (Previous Year ₹1,894.81 Crore).

c) Inter Office Accounts

Inter Office Accounts between branches, controlling offices, local head offices and corporate centre establishments are being reconciled on an ongoing basis and there is no material effect on the profit and loss account of the current year.

d) Counter Cyclical Provisioning Buffer (CCPB)

RBI vide Circular No. DOR.STR.REC.10/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 5th May 2021 on 'Utilisation of Floating Provisions/ Counter Cyclical Provisioning Buffer' has allowed the banks, to utilise up to 100 percent of CCPB held by them as on 31st December 2020, for making specific provisions for Non-Performing Assets (NPAs) as per the policy approved by the Bank's Board of Directors.

During the year, the Bank has not utilised the CCPB for making specific provision for NPAs.

e) Provision on accounts covered under the provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC)

As per RBI letters no. DBR.No.BP.15199/21.04.048/2016-17 and DBR. No. BP. 1906/21.04.048/ 2017-18 dated 23rd June 2017 and 28th August 2017 respectively, for the accounts covered under the provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), the bank is holding total provision of ₹3,935.48 Crore (100% of total outstanding) as on 31st March 2023 (Previous Year ₹4,739.87 Crore {100% of total outstanding}).

f) Provision for Wage Revision

The Bank has made a provision of ₹2,490.00 Crore (total cumulative till 31st March 2023 ₹2,490.00 Crore) for the year ended 31st March 2023 towards arrears of wages due for revision w.e.f. 1st November 2022)



g) Revaluation of Properties

During the year the Bank has revalued freehold immovable properties (earlier revalued in financial year 2019-2020) based on valuation reports obtained from external independent valuers and the closing balance of Revaluation Reserve as on 31st March 2023 (net of amount transferred to General Reserve) is ₹27,756.26 Crore (Previous Year ₹23,377.87 Crore).

- h) The COVID-19 pandemic across the globe resulted in decline in economic activities and movement in financial markets. In this situation, Bank geared up to meet the challenges and has been evaluating the situation on an ongoing basis and had proactively provided against the challenges of likely stress on the Bank's assets. Bank's management is not expecting any significant impact on Bank's liquidity or profitability.
- i) The Central Board has declared a dividend of ₹11.30 per share @ 1130% for the year ended 31st March 2023.
- i) Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to confirm to current year classification. In cases where disclosures have been made for the first time in terms of RBI guidelines/Accounting Standards, previous year's figures have not been mentioned.

State Bank of India

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2023

			(000s omitted)
Particulars		Year ended 31.03.2023 (FY22-23) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (FY21-22) ₹
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net Profit/(Loss) before Taxes		67205,63,25	43421,85,36
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on Fixed Assets		3297,27,04	3248,58,58
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed Assets (Net)		29,78,85	16,86,60
(Profit)/Loss on revaluation of Investments (Net)		4644,43,56	263,27,88
Loss on sale of Investments in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		-	12,92,61
Provision for diminution in fair value & Non Performing Assets		9143,92,59	14086,84,54
Provision on Standard Assets		5618,54,85	4677,03,92
Provision on non-performing Investments		1513,84,35	3440,09,87
Other provisions including provision for contingencies		231,01,57	2248,14,81
Income from investment in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		(855,10,80)	(718,37,49)
Interest charged on Capital Instruments		6387,15,64	5451,98,00
		97216,50,90	76149,24,68
Adjustments for:			
Increase/(Decrease) in Deposits		372243,65,37	370257,04,31
Increase/(Decrease) in Borrowings other than Capital Instruments		49958,77,64	5064,98,09
(Increase)/Decrease in Investments other than investments in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		(94349,41,25)	(132646,14,69)
(Increase)/Decrease in Advances		(474446,62,98)	(298555,64,72)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Liabilities		31320,55,51	40375,27,17
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Assets		(57942,51,27)	5583,06,80
		(75999,06,08)	66227,81,64
Tax refund/(Taxes paid)		(15352,75,44)	(7812,36,34)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Α	(91351,81,52)	58415,45,30
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of Investments in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		(729,62,26)	(878,47,10)
Sale of Investments in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		-	★80,97,57
(Loss) on sale of Investments in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		-	★(12,92,61)
Income from investment in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates		855,10,80	718,37,49
(Increase) in Fixed Assets		(4066,08,04)	(2715,31,18)
Decrease in Fixed Assets		643,55,83	194,64,06
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	в	(3297,03,67)	(2612,71,77)



			(000s omitted)
Particulars		Year ended 31.03.2023 (FY22-23) ₹	Year ended 31.03.2022 (FY21-22) ₹
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from issue of equity shares including share premium		64	-
Issue of Capital Instruments		19133,00,00	13974,00,00
Redemption of Capital Instruments		(2000,00,00)	(10293,30,00)
Interest paid on Capital Instruments		(5594,52,73)	(5288,37,02)
Dividend paid		(6336,72,16)	(3569,84,46)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	С	5201,75,75	(5177,51,48)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE FLUCTUATION ON TRANSLATION RESERVE	D	2794,39,13	888,39,12
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C+D)		(86652,70,31)	51513,61,17
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT 1^{sT} APRIL		394552,32,11	343038,70,94
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT 31 st MARCH		307899,61,80	394552,32,11
Notes:			
★ The banking licence of 'Bank SBI Botswana' is surrendered on 30.06.2021. Operations of the same were closed post deregistration & the capital of ₹80.98 Crore is repatriated at loss of ₹12.93 Crore.			
1. Components of Cash & Cash Equivalents as at:		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Cash & Balance with RBI		247087,57,52	318265,20,71
Balances with Banks and money at call & short notice		60812,04,28	76287,11,40
		307899,61,80	394552,32,11
2. Cash flow from operating activities is reported by using indirect method.			

Shri Alok Kumar Choudhary Managing Director (Retail Business & Operations) Shri Ashwini Kumar Tewari Managing Director (Risk, Compliance & SARG) Shri Swaminathan J. Managing Director (Corporate Banking & Subsidiaries)

Shri Challa Sreenivasulu Setty Managing Director (International Banking, Global Markets & Technology)

Directors:

Shri B. Venugopal Dr. Ganesh G Natarajan Shri Ketan S. Vikamsey Shri Mrugank M. Paranjape Shri Prafulla P. Chhajed Ms. Swati Gupta Shri Anil Kumar Sharma

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 Shri Dinesh Kumar Khara Chairman In terms of our report of even date

For K C Mehta & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106237W/W100829

CA Chirag Bakshi Partner: M. No. 047164

For Guha Nandi & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 302039E

Dr. B. S. Kundu Partner: M. No. 051221

For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004283S

CA V Natarajan Partner: M. No. 223118

For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 103264W

CA Jayant Gokhale Partner: M. No. 033767

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 For ASA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009571N/N500006

CA Prateet Mittal Partner: M. No. 402631

For M C Bhandari & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 303002E

CA Nikhil Jain Partner: M. No. 301150

For Talati & Talati LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 110758W/W100377

CA Anand Sharma Partner: M. No. 129033

For M K Aggarwal & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 001411N

CA Atul Aggarwal Partner: M. No. 099374 For Prem Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000425N

CA Shakun Gupta Partner: M. No. 506838

For V Singhi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 311017E

CA Aniruddha Sengupta Partner: M. No. 051371

For Ravi Rajan & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009073N/N500320

CA Sumit Kumar Partner: M. No. 512555

For JLN US & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 101543W

CA Shalabh Kumar Daga Partner: M. No. 401428



То

The President of India

REPORT ON AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF STATE BANK OF INDIA

Opinion

- We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of State Bank of India ("the Bank") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023, the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and Notes to Standalone Financial Statements including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information in which are included returns for the year ended on that date of:
 - The Central offices, 17 Local Head offices, Global Market Unit, International Business Group, Corporate Accounts Group (Central), Commercial Client Group (Central), Stressed Asset Resolution Group (Central), Central Accounts Offices and 20 branches audited by us and;
 - ii. 5,719 Indian branches audited by respective Statutory Branch Auditors;
 - iii. 34 Foreign branches audited by respective Local Auditors;

The branches audited by us and those audited by other auditors have been selected by the Bank in accordance with the guidelines issued to the Bank by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Also incorporated in the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Cash Flows are the returns from 19,285 Indian branches (including other accounting units) which have not been subjected to audit. These unaudited branches account for 25.18% of advances, 39.97% of deposits, 21.04% of interest income and 37.73% of interest expenses.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and State Bank of India Act, 1955 in the manner so required for the Bank and are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India and:

- a) the Balance Sheet, read with the notes thereon is a full and fair Balance Sheet containing all the necessary particulars, is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank as at 31st March 2023;
- b) the Profit and Loss Account, read with the notes thereon shows a true balance of profit for the year ended on that date; and
- c) the Cash Flow Statement gives a true and fair view of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

2. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards of Auditing ("SAs") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI together with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI, and provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") from time to time and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

3. Key Audit Matters are those matters that in our professional judgement were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the Key Audit Matters to be communicated in our report:

r. o.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	Classification of Advances, Income Recognition, Identification of and provisioning for non-performing Advances (Refer Schedule 9 read with Note 3 of Schedule 17 to the financial statements):	IRAC norms and other related circulars/directives issued to the RBI and also internal policies and procedures of the Bar includes the testing of controls on sample basis
	Advances include Bills purchased and discounted, Cash credits, Overdrafts, Loans repayable on demand and Term loans. These are further categorised as secured by Tangible assets (including advances against Book Debts), covered by Bank/Government Guarantees and Unsecured advances. Advances constitute 58.45% of the Bank's total assets. They are,	 a. The accuracy of the data input in the system for incom recognition, classification into performing and non performing Advances and provisioning in accordance with the IRAC norms in respect of the branches audited by us:
	inter alia, governed by income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRAC) norms and other circulars and directives issued by the RBI from time to time which provides guidelines related to classification of Advances into performing and non- performing Advances (NPA) except in case of foreign offices,	 b. Existence and effectiveness of monitoring mechanism such as Internal Audit, Systems Audit, Credit Audit ar Concurrent Audit as per the policies and procedures the Bank;
	classification of advances and provisioning thereof is made as per local regulations or RBI guidelines, whichever is more stringent. The Bank classifies these Advances based on IRAC norms as per	a sample basis with respect to compliance with the R Master Circulars/ Guidelines/ Judicial pronouncements
	its accounting policy No. 3. Identification of performing and non-performing Advances involves establishment of proper mechanism. The Bank accounts for all the transactions related to Advances in its Information	of NPAs and provisioning in respect thereof.
	Technology System (IT System) viz. Core Banking Solution (CBS) which identifies whether the advances are performing or non- performing. The bank is in the continuous process to upgrade existing	application software and the financial stateme preparation software to ensure compliance with the presentation and disclosure requirements as per the
	& implement new IT applications in various areas of its business operations, including income recognition and asset classification in terms of RBI Circular Ref. No. Dos. CO. PPG./ SEC.03/11.01.005/2020-21 dated 14 th September 2020. These applications require detailed testing, verifications and UAT before final implementation. The financial impact pending such	 aforesaid RBI Circulars / directions f. We have examined the efficacy of various internal contro over advances to determine the nature, timing and exter of the substantive procedures and compliance with the observations of the various audits conducted as per the monitoring mechanism of the Bank and RBI Inspection
	implementation is not likely to be material as per the management. Further, NPA classification and calculation of provision (except in case of foreign offices) is done through another IT System viz. Centralised Credit Data Processing (CCDP) Application Software and other processes. The carrying value of these advances (net of provisions) may	 g. In carrying out substantive procedures at the branche audited by us, we have examined large advance stressed advances while other advances have bee examined on a sample basis including review of valuation reports of independent valuers provided by the Bank management
	be materially misstated if, either individually or in aggregate, the IRAC norms are not properly followed.	 h. We assessed and evaluated the process of identification of NPAs and corresponding reversal of income ar evaluation of provision.
	Considering the nature of the transactions, regulatory requirements, existing business environment, estimation/judgement involved in valuation of securities and calculation of provisions, it is a matter of high importance for the intended users of the Standalone Financial Statements. Considering these	i. Reliance is also placed on Audit Reports of oth Statutory Branch Auditors with whom we have als made specific communication.
	aspects, we have determined this as a Key Audit Matter. Accordingly, our audit was focused on income recognition, asset classification and provisioning pertaining to advances due to the materiality of the balances.	



Sr. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
ii.	Classification and Valuation of Investments, Identification of and provisioning for Non-Performing Investments (Schedule 8 read with Note 2 of Schedule 17 to the financial statements): Investments include investments made by the Bank in various Government Securities, Bonds, Debentures, Shares, Security receipts and other approved securities. Investments constitute 28.69% of the Bank's total assets. These are governed by the circulars and directives of the RBI. These directions of RBI, inter-alia, cover valuation of investments, classification of investments, identification of non-performing investments, the corresponding non-recognition of income and provision there against. The valuation of each category (type) of the aforesaid securities is to be done as per the method prescribed in circulars and directives issued by the RBI which involves collection of data/information from various sources such as FIMMDA rates, rates quoted on BSE/NSE, financial statements of unlisted companies etc. Considering the complexities and extent of judgement involved in the valuation, volume of transactions, investments on hand and degree of regulatory focus, this has been determined as a Key Audit Matter. Accordingly, our audit was focused on valuation of investments, classification, identification of non-performing investments and provisioning related to investments.	for collection of information from various sources for determining fair value of these investments;

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
iii.	Assessment of Provisions and Contingent liabilities in respect of certain litigations including Direct and Indirect Taxes, various claims filed by other parties not acknowledged as debt (Schedule 12 read with Note 18.13 of Schedule 18 to the financial statements): There is high level of judgement required in estimating the level of provisioning. The Bank's assessment is supported by the facts of matter, their own judgement, past experience, and advice from legal and independent tax consultants wherever considered necessary. Accordingly, unexpected adverse outcomes may significantly impact the Bank's reported profit and state of affairs presented in the Balance Sheet. We determined the above area as a Key Audit Matter in view of associated uncertainty relating to the outcome of these matters which requires application of judgement in interpretation of law. Accordingly, our audit was focused on analysing the facts of subject matter under consideration and judgements/interpretation of law involved.	 from various tax authorities/judicial forums and follow up action thereon; d. Evaluating the merit of the subject matter under consideration with reference to the grounds presented therein and available independent legal/tax advice including opinion of our internal tax experts;

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

4. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for preparation of the Other Information. The Other Information comprises the Corporate Governance Report which we obtained at the time of issue of this report. The Other Information also includes Directors' Report including annexures in Annual Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our Auditors' Report thereon, which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditors' Report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and Pillar 3 disclosures under the Basel III and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditors' Report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

5. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Accounting Standards issued by ICAI to the extent applicable, and provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the State Bank of India Act, 1955 and circulars and guidelines issued by RBI from time to time. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the above-mentioned Acts for safeguarding of the



assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

6. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material, if individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the Key Audit Matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

7. We did not audit the financial statements/information of 5,753 branches (including 34 Foreign branches) included in the Standalone Financial Statements of the Bank whose financial statements/financial information reflects total assets of ₹20,84,279.13 Crore at 31st March 2023 and total revenue of ₹1,30,247.03 Crore for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Standalone Financial Statements. The financial statements/ information of these branches have been audited by the branch auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these branches, is based solely on the report of such branch auditors.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

8. The Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account have been drawn up in accordance with Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; and these give information as required to be given by virtue of the provisions of the State Bank of India Act, 1955 and regulations thereunder.

Subject to the limitations of the audit indicated in paragraphs 5 to 7 above and as required by the State Bank of India Act, 1955, and subject also to the limitations of disclosure required therein and as required by subsection (3) of Section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit and have found them to be satisfactory;
- b) The transactions of the Bank, which have come to our notice, have been within the powers of the Bank; and
- c) The returns received from the offices and branches of the Bank have been found adequate for the purposes of our audit.
- d) The profit and loss account shows the true balance of profit for the year ended 31.03.2023.
- 9. We further report that:
 - a) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from branches not visited by us;
 - b) the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us;
 - c) the reports on the accounts of the branch offices audited by branch auditors of the Bank as per the provisions of the Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, and the State Bank of India Act, 1955 have been sent to us and have



been properly dealt with by us in preparing this report; and

- d) in our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement comply with the applicable accounting standards, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by the RBI.
- As required by letter No. DOS.ARG. No.6270/08.91.001/2019-20 dated 17th March 2020 on "Appointment of Statutory Central Auditors (SCAs) in Public Sector Banks – Reporting obligations for SCAs", we further report on the matters specified in paragraph 2 of the aforesaid letter as under:
 - a) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the applicable Accounting Standards issued by ICAI, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by the RBI.

- b) There are no observations or comments on financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the Bank.
- c) As the bank is not registered under the Companies Act, 2013 the disqualifications from being a director of the bank under sub-section (2) of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply to the bank.
- d) There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith.
- e) Our Audit report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Bank's Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting is given in Annexure - A to this report expressing an unmodified opinion on the Bank's Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements as at 31st March 2023.

In terms of our report of even date

For K C Mehta & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106237W/W100829

CA Chirag Bakshi Partner: M. No. 047164 UDIN: 23047164BGVCQW6970

For Guha Nandi & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 302039E

Dr. B. S. Kundu Partner: M. No. 051221 UDIN: 23051221BGYLEK2410

For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004283S

CA V Natarajan Partner: M. No. 223118 UDIN: 23223118BGYEOY8174

For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 103264W

CA Jayant Gokhale Partner: M. No. 033767 UDIN: 23033767BGZMFV1971

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023 For ASA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009571N/N500006

CA Prateet Mittal Partner: M. No. 402631 UDIN: 23402631BGXJUC7968

For M C Bhandari & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 303002E

CA Nikhil Jain Partner: M. No. 301150 UDIN: 23301150BGSUKP9407

For Talati & Talati LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 110758W/W100377

CA Anand Sharma Partner: M. No. 129033 UDIN: 23129033BGSKDC6522

For M K Aggarwal & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 001411N

CA Atul Aggarwal Partner: M. No. 099374 UDIN: 23099374BGSEQK4543 For Prem Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000425N

CA Shakun Gupta Partner: M. No. 506838 UDIN: 23506838BGYZLU2131

For V Singhi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 311017E

CA Aniruddha Sengupta Partner: M. No. 051371 UDIN: 23051371BGVSBN8478

For Ravi Rajan & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 009073N/N500320

CA Sumit Kumar Partner: M. No. 512555 UDIN: 23512555BGXMLB5054

For JLN US & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 101543W

CA Shalabh Kumar Daga Partner: M. No. 401428 UDIN: 23401428BGXGAQ7177

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



(Referred to in paragraph 10(e) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting as required by the Reserve Bank of India (the "RBI") Letter DOS.ARG. No.6270/08.91.001/2019-20 dated 17th March 2020 (as amended) (the "RBI communication")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of State Bank of India ("the Bank") as of 31st March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Bank for the year ended on that date which includes internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Bank's branches.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Bank's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Bank's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, State Bank of India Act, 1955 and the circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") and the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by the ICAI, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the branch auditors, in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Bank; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Bank are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Bank; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Bank's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the branch auditors referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Bank has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2023, based on "the criteria for internal control over financial reporting established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI".

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report in so far as it relates to the operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting of 711 branches is based on the corresponding reports of the respective branch auditors of those branches.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



In terms of our report of even date

For K C Mehta & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106237W/W100829

CA Chirag Bakshi Partner: M. No. 047164 UDIN: 23047164BGVCQW6970

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CA Javant Gokhale Partner: M. No. 033767 UDIN: 23033767BGZMFV1971

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th May 2023

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CA Shalabh Kumar Daga Partner: M. No. 401428 UDIN: 23401428BGXGAQ7177